To: Financial Supervision Commission Investment Activity Supervision Department 16 Budapest Str. Sofia

Cc: Bulgarian Stock Exchange - Sofia AD 6 Tri Ushi Str. Sofia

<u>Re: Individual (unaudited) financial statements of First Investment Bank AD as at 30 September 2018</u>

Dear Sirs,

In compliance with the requirements of the Public Offering of Securities Act (POSA) and the regulations for its implementation, in our capacity as public company and issuer of bonds admitted for trading at a regulated market, we hereby submit the individual (unaudited) financial statements of First Investment Bank AD as at 31 September 2018, containing:

- 1. Financial statements as at 30.09.2018 as per Art. 1000, para. 4(1) with relation to Art. 1000¹, Para. 7 of POSA;
- 2. Notes to the financial statements as at 30.09.2018;
- 3. Interim activity report under Art. 1000, para. 4(2) with relation to Art. 1000¹, Para. 7 of POSA;
- 4. Declaration under Art. 1000, para. 4(3) with relation to Art. 1000¹, Para. 7 of POSA;
- 5. Information pursuant to Ordinance No 2 of the Financial Supervision Commission on the prospectuses to be published when securities are offered to the public or admitted to trading on a regulated market and on disclosure of information.

Sincerely,

(signed)

(signed)

Nedelcho Nedelchev Chief Executive Officer Chair of the MB Svetozar Popov Executive Director Member of the MB

First Investment Bank AD

Individual statement of shareholders' equity for the nine months ended 30 September 2018 unaudited

	Issued share capital Sha	are premium	F Other reserves and retained earnings	evaluation reserve of investments in securities	Revaluation reserve on property Stat	utory reserve	Tota
Balance at 01 January 2017	110 000	97 000	572 933	17 457	4 500	39 861	841 751
Total comprehensive income for the period Net profit for the nine months ended on 30/09/2017	-	-	61 160	-	-	-	61 160
Other comprehensive income for the period Revaluation reserve on available for sale investments	-	-	-	(339)	-	-	(339
Balance as at 30 September 2017	110 000	97 000	634 093	17 118	4 500	39 861	902 572
Balance as at 01 January 2018	110 000	97 000	658 399	19 524	4 500	39 861	929 284
Initial application of IFRS 9 Effect from the initial application of IFRS 9 as regards impairment losses Effect from the initial application of IFRS 9 as regards the revaluation reserve of investments		-	(104 928)	-	-	-	(104 928
in securities	-	-	4 761	(4 761)	-	-	-
Change in balances as at 1 January 2018	110 000	97 000	558 232	14 763	4 500	39 861	824 356
Total comprehensive income for the period Net profit for the nine months ended on 30/09/2018	-	-	62 157		-		62 157
Other comprehensive income for the period Revaluation reserve of investments in securities	-	-	-	(3 659)	-	-	(3 659
Balance as at 30 September 2018	110 000	97 000	620 389	11 104	4 500	39 861	882 854

NEDELCHO NEDELCHEV Chief Executive Officer SEVDALINA VASSILEVA Executive Director

SVETOZAR POPOV Executive Director CHAVDAR ZLATEV Executive Director

JIVKO TODOROV Chief Financial Officer

FIRST INVESTMENT BANK AD

Stand-alone statement of the financial position as at 30 September 2018

unaudited

unaudited		in BGN '000
	30.9.2018	31.12.2017
ASSETS		
Cash and balances with Central Banks	1 635 382	1 425 252
Investments in securities	682 904	699 560
Loans and advances to banks and other financial institutions	80 529	54 402
Loans and advances to customers	5 374 939	5 018 298
Property and equipment	88 404	89 271
Intangible assets	7 208	6 395
Derivatives held for risk management	1 449	1 596
Current tax assets	600	14
Repossessed assets	968 490	977 434
Investment Property	243 356	218 212
Investments in subsidiaries	36 179	36 357
Other assets	114 162	115 780
TOTAL ASSETS	9 233 602	8 642 571
LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL		
Due to banks	5 758	5 743
Due to other customers	8 003 789	7 338 375
Liabilities evidenced by paper	118 618	118 517
Hybrid debt	203 018	208 786
Deferred tax liability	9 352	14 255
Current tax liabilities	151	2 111
Other liabilities	10 062	25 500
TOTAL LIABILITIES	8 350 748	7 713 287
-	140.000	110.000
Issued share capital	110 000	110 000
Share premium	97 000	97 000
Statutory reserve	39 861	39 861
Revaluation reserve of investments in securities	11 104	19 524
Revaluation reserve on property	4 500	4 500
Other reserves and retained earnings	620 389	658 399
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	882 854	929 284

NEDELCHO NEDELCHEV
Chief Executive Officer

SVETOZAR POPOV Executive Director SEVDALINA VASSILEVA Executive Director

CHAVDAR ZLATEV Executive Director

FIRST INVESTMENT BANK AD Individual statement of comprehensive income for the nine months ended 30 September 2018 unaudited

	nine months ended 30 September 2018	nine months ended 30 September 2017
Interest income	235 474	262 276
Interest expense	(45 851)	(73 971)
Net interest income	189 623	188 305
Fee and commission income	84 178	86 920
Fee and commission expense	(15 554)	(13 029)
Net fee and commission income	68 624	73 891
Net trading income	8 461	12 159
Other net operating income	11 918	19 685
TOTAL INCOME FROM BANKING OPERATIONS	278 626	294 039
Administrative expenses	(147 940)	(146 977)
Allowance for impairment	(69 386)	(58 975)
Other expenses, net	(3 340)	(20 390)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	57 960	67 698
Tax income/(expense)	4 197	(6 538)
NET PROFIT	62 157	61 160
Other comprehensive income for the period		
Items which should or may be reclassified as profit or loss		
Revaluation reserve of investments in securities	(3 659)	(339)
Total other comprehensive income	(3 659)	(339)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	58 498	60 821

NEDELCHO NEDELCHEV Chief Executive Officer

SVETOZAR POPOV Executive Director SEVDALINA VASSILEVA Executive Director

CHAVDAR ZLATEV Executive Director

JIVKO TODOROV Chief Financial Officer FIRST INVESTMENT BANK AD

Individual statement of cash flows for the nine months ended 30 September 2018 unaudited

		in BGN '000
	nine months ended	nine months ended
Not each flow from opprating activities	30 September 2018	30 September 2017
Net cash flow from operating activities Net profit	62 157	61 160
Adjustment for non-cash items		
Allowance for impairment	69 386	58 975
Net interest income	(189 623)	(188 305)
Depreciation and amortization	11 005	11 835
Tax expense	(4 197)	6 538
Loss from sale and write-off of tangible and intangible fixed assets, net	1	152
(Profit) from sale of other assets, net	(5 952)	2 364
(Positive) revaluation of investment property	(13 669)	0
	(70 892)	(47 281)
Change in operating assets		
Decrease in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	27 898	240
(Increase)/decrease in financial assets at fair value in other comprehensive income	(27 303)	5 282
(Increase) in loans and advances to banks and financial institutions	(836)	(3 625)
(Increase) in loans to customers	(522 090)	(75 563)
(Increase)/decrease in other assets	1 779	(17 913)
	(520 552)	(91 579)
Change in operating liabilities		
Increase/(decrease) in deposits from banks	15	(1 000)
Increase/(decrease) in amounts owed to other depositors	679 314	(386 699)
Net (decrease) in other liabilities	(15 452)	(9 471)
	663 877	(397 170)
Interest received	209 802	326 492
Interest paid	(65 358)	(100 733)
Dividends received	(00 000) 48	(100 733) 4 423
Tax on profit, paid	(2 845)	(1 100)
		(1100)
NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	214 080	(306 948)
Cash flow from investing activities		
(Purchase) of tangible and intangible fixed assets	(10 956)	(6 297)
Sale of tangible and intangible fixed assets	4	279
Sale of other assets	22 587	16 201
Decrease in investments	9 780	223 694
NET CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	21 415	233 877
Financing activities Increase/(decrease) in borrowings		E3 045
increase/(decrease) in borrowings	(60)	53 645
NET CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(60)	53 645
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	235 435	(19 426)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF PERIOD	1 467 355	1 633 207
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF PERIOD	1 702 790	1 613 781

NEDELCHO NEDELCHEV Chief Executive Officer

SVETOZAR POPOV Executive Director SEVDALINA VASSILEVA Executive Director

CHAVDAR ZLATEV Executive Director

JIVKO TODOROV Chief Financial Officer

ADDENDUM TO THE UNAUDITED STAND-ALONE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF FIRST INVESTMENT BANK AD AS AT 30/09/2018

NOTES

1. Basis of preparation

(a) Statute

First Investment Bank AD (the Bank) is incorporated in the Republic of Bulgaria and has its registered office in Sofia, at 37 Dragan Tzankov Blvd.

The Bank has a general banking license issued by the Bulgarian National Bank (BNB) according to which it is allowed to conduct all banking transactions permitted by Bulgarian legislation.

The Bank has foreign operations in Cyprus.

Following the successful Initial Public Offering of new shares at the Bulgarian Stock Exchange – Sofia, on June 13th 2007 the Bank was registered as a public company in the Register of the Financial Supervision Commission pursuant to the provisions of the Law on the Public Offering of Securities.

(b) Statement of compliance

These condensed interim financial statements were drawn up in accordance with IAS 34: Interim Financial Reporting.

(c) Presentation

The financial statements are presented in Bulgarian Leva (BGN) rounded to the nearest thousand.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the fair value principle of derivative financial instruments, financial instruments recognised at fair value in profit or loss, as well as assets recognised at fair value in other comprehensive income. Other financial assets and liabilities and non-financial assets and liabilities are stated at amortised cost or historical cost convention.

The present financial statements of the Bank are not consolidated. These individual financial statements form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements. Information about the basic earnings per share is given in the consolidated financial statements.

(d) New standards, amendments and interpretations effective as of 01 January 2018

The following amendments to the existing standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and adopted by the EU are effective for the current period:

- IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (issued on 28 May 2014) including amendments to IFRS 15: Effective date of IFRS 15 (issued on 11 September 2015), endorsed by the EU on 22 September 2016, published in the Official Journal on 29 October 2016
- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (issued on 24 July 2014), endorsed by the EU on 22 November 2016, published in the Official Journal on 29 November 2016
- Clarifications to IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (issued on 12 April 2016), endorsed by the EU on 31 October 2017, published in the Official Journal on 9 November 2017
- Amendments to IFRS 4: Applying IFRS 9 Financial Instruments with IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts (issued on 12 September 2016), endorsed by the EU on 3 November 2017, published in the Official Journal on 9 November 2017
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2014-2016 Cycle (issued on 8 December 2016), endorsed by the EU on 7 February 2018, published in the Official Journal on 8 February 2018
- Amendments to IFRS 2: Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions (issued on 20 June 2016), endorsed by the EU on 26 February 2018, published in the Official Journal on 27 February 2018
- Amendments to IAS 40: Transfers of Investment Property (issued on 8 December 2016), endorsed by the EU on 14 March 2018, published in the Official Journal on 15 March 2018

 IFRIC 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration (issued on 8 December 2016), endorsed by the EU on 28 March 2018, published in the Official Journal on 3 April 2018

The adoption of these amendments to the existing standards has not led to any changes in the Bank's accounting policies with the exception of the application of IFRS 9.

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments replaces IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. The new standard introduces significant changes to the classification and assessment of financial assets and a new model for the expected credit loss from impairment of financial assets. IFRS 9 includes new guidelines on the accounting for hedging.

The Bank's Management has identified the following areas that are expected to be most impacted by the application of IFRS 9:

the classification and measurement of the Bank's financial assets were reviewed based on the new criteria that considers the assets' contractual cash flows and the business model in which they are managed. Management holds most financial assets to hold and collect the associated cash flows and is currently assessing the underlying types of cash flows to classify financial assets correctly.

Management expects the majority of held-to-maturity investments to continue to be accounted for at amortised cost, while others amounting to BGN 9,785 thousand will be recognised at fair value in profit or loss, as the cash flows are not solely payments of principal and interest. Management does not find a significant effect on profit or loss from this change in accounting.

As of 01.01.2018 a number of available-for-sale financial assets at total amount of BGN 18,286 thousand will be measured at fair value through profit or loss as the cash flows are not solely payments of principal and interest. The related fair value gains will be transferred from the available-for-sale financial assets reserve to retained earnings on 1 January 2018. Management does not expect a significant effect on the equity components from this change in accounting

The other financial assets held by the Bank at 01.01.2018 include:

equity instruments, amounting to BGN 15,820 thousand currently classified as available-for-sale financial assets for which a fair value through profit and loss valuation method will be applied. In relation to this the Bank reclassified as of 01 January 2018 form its revaluation reserve, net of taxes, in other reserves and retained earnings the amount of BGN 4,904 thousand.

- equity investments, amounting to BGN 4,164 thousand available-for-sale, up to now measured at fair value through profit or loss which the Bank continued to measure on the same basis under IFRS 9;

- debt instruments, amounting to BGN 9,830 thousand currently classified as held-to-maturity and measured at amortised cost which meet the conditions for classification at amortised cost under IFRS 9.

IFRS 9 requires gains or losses realised on the sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income no longer to be transferred to profit or loss, but instead to be transferred from reserve to retained earnings. In 2017, no such gains or losses were recognised in relation to the disposal of available-for-sale financial assets.

An expected credit loss-based impairment should be recognised on the Bank's trade receivables and investments in debt-type assets currently classified as AFS and HTM unless classified as at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with the new criteria. Based on the assessments undertaken as at 01.01.2018, the Bank reports a certain increase in the loss allowance for trade debtors by BGN 104.928 thousand.

It will no longer be possible to measure equity investments at cost less impairment. Instead, all such investments will be measured at fair value. Changes in fair value will be presented in current profit or loss, except in case the Bank presents them in other comprehensive income without the right to reverse.

At 01.01.2018 the Bank intends to present the changes in the fair value of investments in equity instruments in profit or loss, not in other comprehensive income.

2. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policy applied by the Bank in the preparation of these interim condensed financial statements is the same as the one applied in the preparation of the last annual financial statements for the year ended on 31 December 2017, with the exception of the disclosed effect from the application of IFRS 9.

(a) Income recognition

(i) Interest income

Interest income and expense is recognised in the profit or loss as it accrues, taking into account the effective yield of the asset (liability) or an applicable floating rate. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments and receipts through the expected life of the financial asset or liability to the carrying amount of the financial asset or liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Bank estimates future cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument.

The calculation of the effective interest rate includes all fees paid or received as well as discount and premiums which are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Transaction costs include incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of a financial asset or liability.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate on the gross value of the financial asset, except for impaired assets for which the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost of the financial asset.

(ii) Fees and Commissions

Fee and commission income arises on financial services provided by the Bank and is recognised in profit or loss when the corresponding service is provided.

(iii) Net trading income

Net gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading includes those gains and losses arising from disposals and changes in the fair value of financial assets and liabilities held for trading as well as trading income in dealing with foreign currencies and exchange differences from daily revaluation of the net open foreign currency position of the Bank.

(iv) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive income is established. Usually this is the ex-dividend date for equity securities.

(b) Basis of consolidation of subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost, minus the accrued impairment.

(c) Foreign currency transactions

(i) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Bulgarian leva, which is the Bank's functional and presentation currency.

Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of the operations at the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are translated into the functional currency at the spot exchange rate at that date. Foreign currency differences arising on translation are difference between amortised cost in functional currency in the beginning of period, adjusted with effective interest and received payments during the period, and amortised cost in foreign currency at the spot exchange rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are retranslated into the functional currency at the spot exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined.

(iii) Foreign operations

The functional currency of the foreign operations in Cyprus is determined by the management to be the Euro. In determining the functional currency of the foreign operations, the Bank takes into account the fact that they are carried out as an extension of the reporting entity.

(d) Financial assets

(I) Recognition

The Bank recognizes a financial asset when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Bank initially recognizes trade and other receivables on the date of transaction. Advances to customers are recognised when cash is advanced to the borrowers. At initial recognition, the Bank measures all financial assets at fair value plus, in the case of financial asset not measured at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

The Bank classifies financial assets in the following categories: financial assets measured at amortized cost, financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, or financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss. Management determines the classification of investments at initial recognition according to the business model for management of the specific class of financial assets and the contractual features of the cash flows associated with that financial asset.

(ii) Financial assets at amortised cost

Debt instruments held within the Bank's business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and where the contractual cash flows give rise only to principal and interest payments are recognised at amortised cost. After the initial recognition assets are booked at amortised cost.

Recognition at amortised cost requires application of the effective interest rate method. The amortised cost of a financial asset is the value at which the financial asset was initially recognised, minus the principal repayments plus or minus the amortisation accrued by using the effective interest rate method for each difference between the initial value and the value at the maturity date and minus impairment.

(lii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Debt instruments held within the Bank's business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows or to sell the asset and where the contractual cash flows give rise only to principal and interest payments are recognised at fair value in other comprehensive income. After initial recognition, the asset is measured at fair value with changes in fair value in revaluation reserve of investments in securities (other comprehensive income). When the debt instrument is written off, the profit or loss accrued and recognised in other comprehensive income is transferred to profit or loss.

(iv) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The position contains two categories: financial assets held for trading and financial assets not classified in the above two categories. A financial asset is classified in this category if it was acquired for the purpose of short-term sale or if its contractual characteristics do not meet the requirement for generating payments of only principal and interest. Derivatives are also categorised as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges.

The Bank does not designate any debt instrument as at fair value through profit or loss to remove or significantly reduce an accounting mismatch.

(v) Capital instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income

The Bank may make an irrevocable election to recognize changes in fair value of investments in equity instruments through other comprehensive income, not through profit or loss. A gain or loss from fair value changes will be shown in other comprehensive income and will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss. When the equity instrument is written off, the profit or loss accrued and recognised in other comprehensive income is directly transferred to other reserves and retained earnings.

2. Significant accounting policies, continued

(d) Financial assets, continued

(vi) Fair value measurement principles

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal, or in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Bank has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

When applicable, the Bank measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

When there is no quoted price in an active market, the Bank uses valuation techniques that maximise the use of relevant observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. The chosen valuation technique incorporates all the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction.

The best evidence of the fair value of a financial instrument at initial recognition is normally the transaction price – i.e. the fair value of the consideration given or received. If the Bank determines that the fair value at initial recognition differs from the transaction price and the fair value is evidenced neither by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability nor based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets, the financial instrument is initially measured at fair value, adjusted to defer the difference between the fair value at initial recognition and the transaction price. Subsequently, that difference is recognised in profit or loss on an appropriate basis over the life of the instrument but no later than when the valuation is supported wholly by observable market data or the transaction is closed out.

If an asset or a liability measured at fair value has a bid price and an ask price, the Bank measures assets and long positions at a bid price and liabilities and short positions at an ask price.

The Bank, when it holds portfolios of financial assets and financial liabilities, is exposed to market risk and credit risk. If the Bank manages these portfolios on the basis of its net exposure either to market risk or credit risk, the fair value is measured on the basis of a price that would be received to sell a net long position or paid to transfer a net short position for a particular risk exposure. Those portfolio-level adjustments are allocated to the individual assets and liabilities on the basis of the relative risk adjustment of each of the individual instruments in the portfolio.

The Bank recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy as of the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

(vii) Derecognition

The Bank derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the Bank transfers these rights in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets are transferred to the buyer. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Bank is recognised as a separate asset or liability.

The Bank derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expire.

The Bank enters into transactions whereby it transfers financial assets recognised in its statement of financial position, but retains either all or substantially all risks and rewards of the transferred asset. If all or substantially all risks and rewards are retained, then the transferred assets are not derecognised in the statement of financial position (an example of such transactions are repo deals).

In transactions in which the Bank neither retains nor transfers substantially all the risks and

rewards of ownership of a financial asset, it derecognises the asset if it does not retain control over the asset. The rights and obligations retained in the transfer are recognised separately as assets and liabilities as appropriate. In transfers in which, control over the asset is retained, the Bank continues to recognise the asset to the extent of its continuing involvement, determined by the extent to which it is exposed to changes in the value of the transferred asset.

(e) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances on hand, cash deposited with the central bank and short-term highly liquid accounts and advances to banks with original maturity of up to three months.

(f) Investments

Investments that the Bank holds for the purpose of short-term profit taking or repurchases are classified as financial assets for trading. Investments in debt instruments held by the Bank as part of a business model for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows are classified as financial assets at amortised cost. Investments in debt instruments held by the Bank as part of a business model for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows and sale are classified as financial assets at fair value in other comprehensive income. All other investments, including those whose contractual terms do not meet the requirement for generation of only principal and interest payments are classified as recognised at fair value in profit or loss.

(g) Securities borrowing and lending business and repurchase transactions

(i) Securities borrowing and lending

Investments lent under securities lending arrangements continue to be recognised in the statement of financial position and are measured in accordance with the accounting policy for assets held for trading or available-for-sale as appropriate. Cash collateral received in respect of securities lent is recognised as liabilities to either banks or customers. Investments borrowed under securities borrowing agreements are not recognised. Cash collateral placements in respect of securities borrowed are recognised under loans and advances to either banks or customers. Income and expenses arising from the securities borrowing and lending business are recognised on an accrual basis over the period of the transactions and are included in interest income or expense.

(ii) Repurchase agreements

The Bank enters into purchases (sales) of investments under agreements to resell (repurchase) substantially identical investments at a certain date in the future at a fixed price. Investments purchased subject to commitments to resell them at future dates are not recognised. The amounts paid are recognised in loans to either banks or customers. The receivables are shown as collateralised by the underlying security. Investments sold under repurchase agreements continue to be recognised in the statement of financial position and are measured in accordance with the accounting policy for either assets held for trading or available-for-sale as appropriate. The proceeds from the sale are reported as liabilities to either banks or other customers. The difference between the purchase (sale) and resell (repurchase) considerations is recognised on an accrual basis over the period of the transaction and is included in interest income (expenses).

(h) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at 'cost', being their issue proceeds (fair value of consideration received) net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost and any difference between net proceeds and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective yield method.

If the Bank purchases its own debt, it is removed from the statement of financial position and the difference between the carrying amount of a liability and the consideration paid is included in other operating income.

The Bank writes off financial liabilities when they are repaid, i.e. when the contractual obligation is fulfilled, revoked or expires.

(i) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position when the Bank has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the transactions are intended to be settled on a net basis.

(j) Impairment of financial assets

The Bank recognizes 12-month expected credit loss as loss allowance when there is no significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. When there is a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, expected credit losses for the remaining life of the financial assets are recognized as loss allowance.

Whether credit risk is significantly increased or not is determined based on the following factors and events for the debtor or the exposure:

- Internal behavioural scoring of natural persons, companies and institutions whose exposures are above the threshold for significance;
- Decrease in credit rating (internal or external) by a given number of notches for companies and institutions whose exposures are above the threshold for significance.
- Delinquencies;
- Other factors.

(k) Property and equipment

Land and buildings are presented in the statement of financial position at their revalued amount which is the fair value of the asset as at the date of revaluation less any subsequent amortisation and depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. All others classes of items of property, plant and equipment are stated in the statement of financial position at their acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation and allowance for impairment.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis at prescribed rates designed to decrease the cost or valuation of fixed assets over their expected useful lives. The annual rates of amortisation are as follows:

Assets		%
•	Buildings	3 - 4
•	Equipment	10 - 50
•	Fixtures and fittings	10 - 15
•	Motor vehicles	20
•	Leasehold Improvements	2 - 50

Assets are not depreciated until they are brought into use and transferred from assets in the course of construction into the relevant asset category.

(I) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired by the Bank are stated at cost, less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses.

Amortisation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful life of the asset. The annual rates of amortisation are as follows:

Assets

- Licenses and trademarks
- Software and licences

% 14 8 - 50

(m) Investment Property

Investment property is property (land or a building or part of a building or both) held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. The Bank has chosen for its accounting policy to account for investment property using the fair value model and applies this to all its investment property. Investment properties are initially measured at cost and are subsequently measured using the fair value model, and the revaluation income and expense is recognised in the profit for period in which they occurred. The reclassification of repossessed assets reported as inventories into investment properties is possible only where a contract to rent out the respective property has been signed. The fair value of assets constituting investment property was determined by independent property assessors holding recognised professional qualification and recent experience in assessing property with similar location and category, using reliable techniques for determining fair values.

(n) Provisions

A provision is recognised in the statement of financial position when the Bank has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable assessment of the amount due can be made. If the effect is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

(o) Acceptances

An acceptance is created when the Bank agrees to pay, at a stipulated future date, a draft drawn on it for a specified amount. The Bank's acceptances primarily arise from documentary credits stipulating payment to be made a certain number of days after receipt of required documents. The Bank negotiates most acceptances to be settled at a later date following the reimbursement from the customers. Acceptances are accounted for as liabilities evidenced by paper.

(p) Off-balance sheet commitments

In the ordinary course of its business, the Bank enters into off-statement of financial position commitments such as guarantees and letters of credit. The Bank recognizes provision for off-statement of financial position commitments when it has a present obligation as a result of a past event, when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation, and when a reliable estimate can be made of the obligation.

(q) Taxation

Tax on the profit for the year comprises current tax and the change in deferred tax. Current tax comprises tax payable calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year, using the tax rates enacted by the statement of financial position date, and any adjustment of tax payable for previous years.

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax is calculated on the basis of the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled. The effect on deferred tax of any changes in tax rates is charged to profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items previously recognised either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the unused tax losses and credits can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

(r) Critical accounting estimates and judgements in applying accounting policies

The Bank makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Information on the valuations and the valuation uncertainty, for which there is a significant risk of change as of 30 September 2018 are stated below and are related to the impairment of financial instruments, income tax and the following notes related to other elements of the financial statements:

- Note 4 determining of the fair value of the financial instruments through valuation techniques, in which the input data for the financial assets and liabilities are not based on the available market information.
- Note 15 determining of the fair value of land and buildings through valuation techniques, in which the input data for the assets are not based on available market information;

(ii) Assessment of repossessed assets from collaterals

Assets accepted as collateral are recognized at the lower of the cost of acquisition and the net realizable value. When evaluating the net realizable value of the assets the Bank prepares several models for appraisal (e.g. discounted cash flows) and makes comparison to available market data (e.g. similar market transactions, offers from potential buyers).

(iii) Income taxes

The Bank is subject to income taxes in numerous jurisdictions. Significant estimates are required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Bank recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

(s) Employee benefits

Defined contribution plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. The Government of Bulgaria is responsible for providing pensions in Bulgaria under a defined contribution pension plan. The Bank's contributions to the defined contribution pension plan are recognised as an employee benefit expense in profit or loss in the periods during which services are rendered by employees.

Defined benefit plans

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. The Bank's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods; that benefit is discounted to determine its present value.

The Bank has an obligation to pay certain amounts to each employee who retires with the Bank in accordance with Art. 222, § 3 of the Labour Code.

According to these regulations in the LC, when a labour contract of a bank's employee, who has acquired a pension right, is ended, the Bank is obliged to pay him compensations amounted to two gross monthly salaries. Where the employee has been with the same employer for the past 10 years, this employee is entitled to a compensation amounting to six gross monthly salaries. As at balance sheet date, the Management of the Bank estimates the approximate amount of the potential expenditures for every employee using the projected unit credit method.

For the last two years the Bank has prepared estimates for the due provisions for pensions and has not identified significant liabilities.

Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised as an expense when the Bank is committed demonstrably, without realistic possibility of withdrawal, to a formal detailed plan to either terminate employment before the normal retirement date, or to provide termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Termination benefits for voluntary redundancies are recognised as an expense if the Bank has made an offer of voluntary redundancy, it is probable that the offer will be accepted, and the number of acceptances can be estimated reliably. If benefits are payable more than 12 months after the reporting period, then they are discounted to their present value.

(s) Employee benefits, continued

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid under short-term cash bonus or profit-sharing plans if the Bank has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the obligation can be estimated reliably. The Bank recognises as a liability the undiscounted amount of the estimated costs related to annual leave expected to be paid in exchange for the employee's service for the period completed.

(t) New standards and interpretations not yet effective

Standards, interpretations and amendments in standards that are issued by IASB and endorsed by EU but not yet effective

- IFRS 16 Leases (issued on 13 January 2016), endorsed by the EU on 31 October 2017, published in the Official Journal on 9 November 2017
- Amendments to IFRS 9: Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation (issued on 12 October 2017), endorsed by the EU on 22 March 2018, published in the Official Journal on 26 March 2018
- IFRIC 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments (issued on 7 June 2017), effective 1 January 2019;

Documents issued by IASB/IFRICs not yet endorsed by the European Commission

These new or revised standards, new interpretations and amendments to existing standards that at the reporting date are already issued by the International Accounting Standards Board have not yet been endorsed by the EU and therefore are not taken into account by the Bank in preparing these financial statements.

- IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts (issued on 18 May 2017)
- Amendments to IAS 28: Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures (issued on 12 October 2017), effective 1 January 2019.
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015-2017 Cycle (issued on 12 December 2017), effective 1 January 2019
- Amendments to IAS 19: Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement (issued on 7 February 2018), effective 1 January 2019
- Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards (issued on 29 March 2018), effective 1 January 2020
- Amendment to IFRS 3 Business Combinations (issued on 22 October 2018), effective 1 January 2020.

2. Segment Reporting

Segment information is presented in respect of the Bank's geographical segments. The primary format, geographical segments, is based on the Bank's management and internal reporting structure.

Reporting and measurement of segment assets and liabilities and segment revenues and results is based on the accounting policies set out in the accounting policy notes.

Transactions between segments are conducted on an arm's length basis.

The Bank operates principally in Bulgaria, but also has operations in Cyprus.

In presenting information on the basis of geographical segments, revenue and operating income is allocated after interbranch eliminations based on the location of the Bank branch that generated the revenue. Segment assets and liabilities are allocated after interbranch eliminations based on their geographical location.

in BGN '000	Bulgarian op	perations	Foreign op	erations	Total	Nine
	Nine months ended 30 Sept 2018	Nine months ended 30 Sept 2017	Nine months ended 30 Sept 2018	Nine months ended 30 Sept 2017	Nine months ended 30 Sept 2018	months ended 30 Sept 2017
Interest income Interest expense	234,831 (45,834)	261,747 (73,860)	643 (17)	529 (111)	235,474 (45,851)	262,276 (73,971)
Net interest income	188,997	187,887	626	418	189,623	188,305
Fee and commission income	82,805	86,383	1,373	537	84,178	86,920
Fee and commission expense	(15,534)	(13,013)	(20)	(16)	(15,554)	(13,029)
Net fee and commission income	67,271	73,370	1,353	521	68,624	73,891
Net trading income	7,863	12,151	598	8	8,461	12,159
Administrative expenses	(146,955)	(146,045)	(985)	(932)	(147,940)	(146,977)
Assets Liabilities	30.09.2018 9,225,379 8,160,451	31.12.2017 8,632,241 7,635,163	30.09.2018 8,223 190,297	31.12.2017 10,330 78,124	30.09.2018 9,233,602 8,350,748	31.12.201 7 8,642,571 7,713,287

The table below shows assets and liabilities and income and expense by business segments as at 30 September 2018.

in BGN '000

Business	Assets	Liabilities	Interest income	Interest expense	Net fee and commission income	Net trading income	Other net operating income
Corporate customers	3,071,255	974,030	110,706	(611)	14,375	-	383
Small and medium enterprises Retail Banking	705,220 1,598,464	261,719 6,768,040	22,828 93,656	(346) (25,808)	11,103 41,261	-	284 1,587
Treasury	2,400,264	79,254	8,284	(1,746)	970	8,461	2,437
Other	1,458,399	267,705	-	(17,340)	915	-	7,227
Total	9,233,602	8,350,748	235,474	(45,851)	68,624	8,461	11,918

3. Financial assets and liabilities

Accounting classification and fair values

The Bank's accounting policy on fair value measurements is set out in Note 2(d)(vi).

The Bank measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

Level 1: inputs that are quoted market prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical instruments.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). This category includes instruments valued using: quoted market prices in active markets for similar instruments; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active; or other valuation techniques where all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data.

Level 3: inputs are observable date for a given asset or liability. This category includes all instruments where the valuation technique includes inputs not based on observable data and the unobservable inputs have a significant effect on the instrument's valuation. This category includes instruments that are valued based on quoted prices for similar instruments where significant unobservable adjustments or assumptions are required to reflect differences between the instruments.

Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities that are traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices or dealer price quotations. For all other financial instruments, the Bank determines fair values using other valuation techniques.

Other valuation techniques include net present value and discounted cash flow models, comparison to similar instruments for which market observable prices exist, option pricing models and other valuation models. Assumptions and inputs used in valuation techniques include risk-free and benchmark interest rates, credit spreads and other premia used in estimating discount rates, bond and equity prices, foreign currency exchange rates, equity and equity index prices and expected price volatilities and correlations.

The objective of valuation techniques is to arrive at a fair value measurement that reflects the price that would be received to sell the asset or paid to transfer the liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The Bank uses widely recognised valuation models for determining the fair value of common and simpler financial instruments, like interest rate and currency swaps that use only observable market data and require little management judgement and estimation. Observable prices and model inputs are usually available in the market for listed debt and equity securities, exchange traded derivatives and simple over the counter derivatives like interest rate swaps. Availability of observable market prices and model inputs reduces the need for management judgement and estimation and also reduces the uncertainty associated with determination of fair values. Availability of observable market prices and inputs varies depending on the products and markets and is prone to changes based on specific events and general conditions in the financial markets.

However, where the Bank measures portfolios of financial assets and financial liabilities on the basis of net exposures, it applies judgement in determining appropriate portfolio level adjustments such as bid-ask spread.

Such adjustments are derived from observable bid-ask spreads for similar instruments and adjusted for factors specific to the portfolio.

For more complex instruments, the Bank uses proprietary valuation models, which usually are developed from recognised valuation models. Some or all of the significant inputs into these models may not be observable in the market, and are derived from market prices or rates or are estimated based on assumptions. Example of instruments involving significant unobservable inputs include certain over the counter derivatives, certain loans and securities for which there is no active market and retained interests in securitisations. Valuation models that employ significant unobservable inputs require a higher degree of management judgement and estimation in the determination of fair value. Management judgement and estimation are usually required for selection of the appropriate valuation model to be used, determination of probability of counterparty default and prepayments and selection of appropriate discount rates.

The Bank has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. This framework includes a Risk Management function, which is independent of Treasury division and reports to management, and which has overall responsibility for independently verifying the results of trading and investment operations and all significant fair value measurements. Specific controls include:

- verification of observable pricing;
- proposal of new models and changes to existing models is made by the Risk Analysis and Control Division and approved by the Management Board;
- calibration of models against observed market transactions;
- analysis and investigation of significant daily valuation movements;
- review of significant unobservable inputs, valuation adjustments and significant changes to the fair value measurement of Level 3 instruments compared to previous month, by Risk Analysis and Control division.

Where third-party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, are used to measure fair value, Risk Management division assesses and documents the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of IFRS. This includes:

- verifying that the broker or pricing service is approved by the Bank for use in pricing the relevant type of financial instrument;
- understanding how the fair value has been arrived at and the extent to which it represents actual market transactions;
- when prices for similar instruments are used to measure fair value, how these prices have been adjusted to reflect the characteristics of the instrument subject to measurement;
- where a number of quotes for the same financial instrument have been obtained, how fair value has been determined using those quotes.

The tables below set out analysis of financial instruments measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period classified by fair value hierarchy level framework categorising fair value measurement. The amounts are based on the amounts in the statement of financial position.

in thousands of BGN				
30 September 2018	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6.700	16,111	10	22,821
5 1	- ,		-	,
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	633,722	26,361	-	660,083
Derivatives held for risk management	1,115	334	-	1,449
Total	641,537	42,806	10	684,353
	-	-	-	
in BGN '000				
31 December 2017	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6.906	-	-	6.906
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	613,104	59,925	10	673,039
	,		10	,
Derivatives held for risk management	1,092	504	-	1,596
Total	621,102	60,429	10	681,541

The tables below set out analysis of the fair values of financial instruments not recognised at fair value, classified by fair value hierarchy level framework categorising fair value measurement

30 September 2018	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total fair values	Total balance sheet value
Assets		4 005 000		4 005 000	4 005 000
Cash and balances with Central Banks	-	1,635,382	-	1,635,382	1,635,382
Financial assets at amortised cost Loans and advances to banks and other	-	-	-	-	-
financial institutions	-	80,529	-	80,529	80,529
Loans and advances to customers	-	656,878	4,946,236	5,603,114	5,374,939
Total	-	2,372,789	4,946,236	7,319,025	7,090,850
Liabilities					
Due to banks	-	5,758	-	5,758	5,758
Due to other customers	-	3,130,855	4,879,653	8,010,508	8,003,789
Liabilities evidenced by paper	-	118,590	-	118,590	118,618
Hybrid debt	-	203,018	-	203,018	203,018
Total	-	3,458,221	4,879,653	8,337,874	8,331,183
in BGN '000		· · ·		· · ·	<u> </u>
31 December 2017	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total fair values	Total balance sheet value
Assets					
Cash and balances with Central Banks	-	1,425,252	-	1,425,252	1,425,252
Financial assets at amortised cost Loans and advances to banks and other	-	20,146	-	20,146	19,615
financial institutions	-	54,402	-	54,402	54,402
Loans and advances to customers		653,838	4,639,785	5,293,623	5,018,298
Total	-	2,153,638	4,639,785	6,793,423	6,517,567
Liabilities					
Due to banks	-	5,743	-	5,743	5,743
Due to other customers	-	2,775,979	4,562,282	7,338,261	7,338,375
Liabilities evidenced by paper	-	118,487	-	118,487	118,517
Hybrid debt	-	208,786	-	208,786	208,786
Total	-	3,108,995	4,562,282	7,671,277	7,671,421

5. Net interest income

in thousands of BGN	Nine months ended on 30/09/2018	Nine months ended on 30/09/2017
Interest income		
Accounts with and placements to banks and financial institutions	1,133	453
Retail Banking	87,159	91,515
Corporate customers	110,706	132,231
Small and medium enterprises	22,828	23,571
Microlending	6,497	6,835
Debt instruments	7,151	7,671
	235,474	262,276
Interest expense		
Deposits from banks	-	-
Deposits from other customers	(26,765)	(54,436)
Liabilities evidenced by paper	(578)	(681)
Hybrid debt	(17,115)	(17,123)
Interest on assets cost	(1,346)	(1,721)
Lease agreements and other	(47)	(10)
	(45,851)	(73,971)
Net interest income	189,623	188,305

6. Net fee and commission income

in thousands of BGN	Nine months ended on 30/09/2018	Nine months ended on 30/09/2017
Fee and commission income		
Letters of credit and guarantees	2,163	2,374
Payment operations	15,545	15,180
Customer accounts	22,106	21,321
Card services	24,314	22,623
Other	20,050	25,422
	84,178	86,920
Fee and commission expense		
Letters of credit and guarantees	(238)	(242)
Payment systems	(1,721)	(1,651)
Card services	(10,589)	(9,526)
Other	(3,006)	(1,610)
	(15,554)	(13,029)
Net fee and commission income	68,624	73,891

7. Net trading income

in thousands of BGN	Nine months ended on 30/09/2018	Nine months ended on 30/09/2017
Net trading income arises from:		
- Debt instruments	(84)	234
- Equities	(87)	264
- Foreign exchange rate fluctuations	8,632	11,661
Net trading income	8,461	12,159

8. Other net operating income

in BGN '000	Nine months ended on 30/09/2018	Nine months ended on 30/09/2017
Other net operating income arising from:		
- net income/(expense) from transactions and revaluation of gold and precious metals	651	38
Rental income	6,576	9,044
- Debt instruments	2,437	8,150
 income from management of assigned receivables 	584	-
- Gain on administration of loans acquired through business combination	1,670	2,453
Other net operating income	11,918	19,685

9. Administrative expenses

in thousands of BGN	Nine months ended on 30/09/2018	Nine months ended on 30/09/2017
General and administrative expenses comprise:		
- Personnel cost	49,652	46,473
- Depreciation and amortisation	11,005	11,835
- Advertising	10,510	13,579
- Building rent expense	24,613	24,340
-Telecommunication, software and other computer maintenance	8,796	8,297
- Other expenses for external services	43,364	42,453
Administrative expenses	147,940	146,977

10. Allowance for impairment

	Nine months	Nine months
	ended on	ended on
in thousands of BGN	30/09/2018	30/09/2017

Write-downs		
Loans and advances to customers	(141,982)	(76,592)
Investments in subsidiaries	(178)	-
Reversal of write-downs		
Loans and advances to customers	72,774	17,617
Impairment cost, net	(69,386)	(58,975)

10a. Other income/(expenses), net

in thousands of BGN	Nine months ended on 30/09/2018	Nine months ended on 30/09/2017
Income from sale of assets	5,984	981
Revaluation of investment property	13,669	-
(Loss) from sale of investment property	-	(94)
Dividend income	48	4,423
Cost of guarantee schemes	(24,468)	(26,865)
Other income, net	1,427	1,165
Total	(3,340)	(20,390)

11. Cash and balances with Central Banks

in thousands of BGN	30.09.2018 г.	31/12/2017
Cash on hand		
- in BGN	125,086	130,659
- in foreign currency	46,880	56,395
Balances with Central Banks	1,004,074	875,355
Current accounts and amounts with foreign banks	459,342	362,843
Total	1,635,382	1,425,252

12. Investments in securities

In thousands of BGN	30/09/2018	31/12/2017
Bonds and notes issued by:		
Bulgarian Government		
- denominated in BGN	181,648	234,816
 denominated in foreign currencies 	142,249	146,533
Foreign governments		
- treasury bills	244,546	187,488
- treasury bonds	46,847	47,009
Corporates	21,056	-
Foreign banks	26,361	63,730
Other issuers – equity instruments	20,197	19,984
Total	682,904	699,560
Of which:		
at fair value through other comprehensive income	660,083	673,039
at amortised cost	-	19,615
at fair value through profit and loss	22,821	6,906
Total	682,904	699,560

13. Loans and advances to banks and other financial institutions

(a) Analysis by type

30/09/2018	31/12/2017
44,706	21,748
4,983	4,977
30,840	27,677
80,529	54,402
	44,706 4,983 30,840

(b) Geographical analysis

in thousands of BGN	30/09/2018	31/12/2017
Domestic banks and financial institutions	11,236	11,680
Foreign banks and other financial institutions	69,293	42,722
Total	80,529	54,402

14. Loans and advances to customers

in thousands of BGN			30/09/2018
	Gross value	Allowance for impairment	Net value
Retail Banking		•	
- Consumer loans	715,063	(44,902)	670,161
- Mortgage loans	659,722	(24,398)	635,324
- Credit cards	244,146	(73,456)	170,690
- Other programmes and collateralised financing	6,224	-	6,224
Small and medium enterprises	776,964	(71,744)	705,220
Microlending	144,042	(27,977)	116,065
Corporate customers	3,520,123	(448,868)	3,071,255
Including receivables from financial lease	108,578	(401)	108,177
Total	6,066,284	(691,345)	5,374,939

in BGN '000			31/12/2017
	Gross value	Allowance for impairment	Net value
Retail Banking			
- Consumer loans	612,970	(42,663)	570,307
- Mortgage loans	591,830	(30,127)	561,703
- Credit cards	246,291	(35,480)	210,811
 Other programmes and collateralised financing 	3,182	-	3,182
Small and medium enterprises	643,444	(71,289)	572,155
Microlending	120,882	(26,351)	94,531
Corporate customers	3,391,558	(385,949)	3,005,609
Including receivables from financial lease	108,218	(24)	108,194
Total	5,610,157	(591,859)	5,018,298

(a) Movement in impairment allowances

in BGN '000	
Balance at 31 December 2017	591,859
Effect from the initial application of IFRS 9	104,928
Balance as at 01 January 2018	696,787
Additional allowances	(141,982)
Amounts released	(72,774)
Write-offs	(75,010)
Effect from change in exchange rates	360
Total Balance as at 30 September 2018	691,345

Distribution of impairment as adjustment for financial assets (loans and advances to customers) after application of IFRS 9

	30/09/2018	01/01/2018
Exposures without increase of credit risk		
after the initial recognition (phase 1)	49,921	63,278

Exposures with significant increase of credit		
risk after the initial recognition (phase 2)	79,850	67,703
Non-performing (impaired) exposures		
(phase 3)	561,574	565,806
Total	691,345	696,787

30 September 2018		in thousands of BGN
Class of exposure	Gross amount of loans and advances to customers	Carrying amount of loans and advances to customers
Performing		
Collectively impaired	4,847,832	4,718,061
Non-performing		
Collectively impaired	416,456	212,677
Individually impaired	801,996	444,201
Total	6,066,284	5,374,939

31 December 2017		in thousands of BGN
Class of exposure	Gross amount of loans and advances to customers	Carrying amount of loans and advances to customers
Performing Collectively impaired Non-performing	4,378,341	4,364,460
Collectively impaired	375,642	181,299
Individually impaired Total	856,174 5,610,157	472,539 5,018,298

As at 30 September 2018 the gross amount of overdue loans and advances to customers measured as exposures 90+ days overdue is BGN 937,977 (31 December 2017: BGN 989,071 thousand).

15. Property and equipment

			Matan	Assets	l a sa shald	
in BGN '000	Land and Buildings	Fixtures and fittings	Motor vehicles	under Construction	Leasehold Improvements	Total
Cost	5				•	
At 1 January 2018	17,651	142,350	6,591	26,411	65,854	258,857
Additions	-	2	-	10,954	-	10,956
Disposals	-	(7,232)	(21)	(3)	(858)	(8,114)
Transfers	-	7,675	8	(11,593)	915	(2,995)
At 30 September 2018	17,651	142,795	6,578	25,769	65,911	258,704
Amortisation						
At 1 January 2018	4,132	121,477	5,799	-	38,178	169,586
Accrued during the year	474	5,682	241	-	2,426	8,823
On disposals	-	(7,230)	(21)	-	(858)	(8,109)
At 30 September 2018	4,606	119,929	6,019	-	39,746	170,300
Carrying amount						
At 1 January 2018	13,519	20,873	792	26,411	27,676	89,271
At 30 September 2018	13,045	22,866	559	25,769	26,165	88,404

16. Intangible assets

in thousands of BGN	Software and licences	Total
Cost	20 520	20 500
At 1 January 2018	30,526	30,526
Disposals Transfers	-	- 2,995
At 30 September 2018	2,995 33,521	2,995 33,521
Amortisation	55,521	55,521
At 1 January 2018	24,131	24,131
Accrued during the year	2,182	2,182
On disposals	-	-

At 30 September 2018 Carrying amount At 1 January 2018 At 30 September 2018	26,313 6,395 7,208	26,313 6,395 7,208
16a. Repossessed assets		
in thousands of BGN	30/09/2018	31/12/2017
Land	535,855	535,164
Buildings	303,875	304,731
Machines, plant and vehicles	127,971	136,773
Fixtures and fittings	789	766
Total	968,490	977,434

Repossessed assets acquired as collateral are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The net realizable value of the lands and buildings is approximately equal to their fair value.

16b. Investment Property

in thousands of BGN	
Balance as at 01 January 2018	218,212
Transferred from repossessed assets	11,475
Revaluation of investment property to the fair value recognised at transfer	13,669
Write-offs upon sale	-
Balance as at 30 September 2018	243,356

16c. Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are as follows:

in thousands of BGN

30/09/2018

000002010			Allowance for	Carrying
Entity	% held	Acquisition cost	impairment	amount
First Investment Finance B.V.,		-	-	
Netherlands	100%	3,947	-	3,947
Diners Club Bulgaria AD	94.79%	5,443	-	5,443
First Investment Bank – Albania Sh.a.	100%	23,420	-	23,420
Debita OOD	70%	105	(104)	1
Realtor OOD	51%	77	(74)	3
Fi Health Insurance AD	59.10%	3,315	-	3,315
Balkan Financial Services EAD	100%	50	-	50
Turnaround Management EOOD	100%	-	-	-
Creative Investment EOOD	100%	-	-	-
Lega Solutions EOOD	100%	-	-	-
AMC Imoti EOOD	100%	-	-	-
Total		36,357	(178)	36,179

in BGN '000

31/12/2017

Entity First Investment Finance B.V.,	% held	Acquisition cost	Allowance for impairment	Carrying amount
Netherlands	100%	3.947	-	3,947
Diners Club Bulgaria AD	94.79%	5,443	-	5,443
First Investment Bank – Albania Sh.a.	100%	23,420	-	23,420
Debita OOD	70%	105	-	105
Realtor OOD	51%	77	-	77
Fi Health Insurance AD	59.10%	3,315	-	3,315
Balkan Financial Services EAD	100%	50	-	50
Turnaround Management EOOD	100%	-	-	-

Creative Investment EOOD	100%	-	-	-
Lega Solutions EOOD	100%	-	-	-
AMC Imoti EOOD	100%	-	-	-
Total		36,357	-	36,357

17. Other assets

in thousands of BGN	30/09/2018	31/12/2017
Deferred expense	21,467	10,086
Gold	6,017	6,089
Other assets	86,678	99,605
Total	114,162	115,780

18. Due to banks

in thousands of BGN	30/09/2018	31/12/2017
Term deposits	-	-
Payable on demand	5,758	5,743
Total	5,758	5,743

19. Due to other customers

in thousands of BGN	30/09/2018	31/12/2017
Retail customers		
- current accounts	1,118,714	988,942
- term and savings deposits	5,124,998	5,086,170
Businesses and public institutions		
- current accounts	1,048,758	858,977
- term deposits	711,319	404,286
Total	8,003,789	7,338,375

20. Liabilities evidenced by paper

in thousands of BGN	30/09/2018	31/12/2017
Acceptances under letters of credit	15,240	16,941
Debt related to agreements for full swap of profitability	73,496	73,334
Financing from financial institutions	29,882	28,242
Total	118,618	118,517

Financing from financial institutions through extension of loan facilities can be analysed as follows:

in thousands of BGN

Lender	Interest rate	Maturity	Amortised cost as at 30 Sept 2018
State Fund Agriculture European Investment Fund –	2%	20.12.2018 - 15.02.2020	252
JEREMIE 2 Bulgarian Bank for Development	0 % - 1.312%	30/09/2025	15,958
AD	1.44%	30.03.2019 - 15.03.2027	13,672
Total			29,882

in BGN '000

Lender	Interest rate	Maturity	Amortised cost as at 31 December 2017
State Fund Agriculture	2%	20.07.2018 - 15.02.2020	373
European Investment Fund –			
JEREMIE 2	0 % - 1.301%	30/09/2025	24,254
Bulgarian Bank for Development			
AD	3.50%	30/03/2019	3,615
Total			28.242

21. Hybrid debt

in thousands of BGN

	Principal amount	Amortised cost as at 30.09.2018
Hybrid debt with principal EUR 40 mio	78,233	82,414
Hybrid debt with principal EUR 60 mio	117,350	120,604
Total	195,583	203,018

in BGN '000

	Principal amount	Amortised cost as at 31 Dec. 2017
Hybrid debt with principal EUR 40 mio	78,233	84,929
Hybrid debt with principal EUR 60 mio	117,350	123,857
Total	195,583	208,786

In March 2011 the Bank issued a hybrid instrument (bond issue) and, after obtaining permission from the Bulgarian National Bank, included it as Tier 1 capital. The Bank placed the bond issue under private subscription with a total nominal value of EUR 20,000 thousand, constituting the first tranche of a bond issue with an envisaged total amount of up to EUR 40,000 thousand. In June 2012 the Bank issued the second tranche of the instrument, also amounting to EUR 20,000 thousand and following permission from the Bulgarian National Bank included in its Tier 1 capital. In November 2012 the Bank issued a hybrid instrument (bond issue) and, after obtaining permission from the Bulgarian National Bank, included it as Tier 1 capital. The Bank placed the bond issue under private subscription with a total nominal value of EUR 20,000 thousand, constituting the first tranche of a bond issue with an envisaged total amount of up to EUR 60,000 thousand. In November 2013 the Bank issued the second and third tranches of the instrument, amounting to a total of EUR 40,000 thousand and following permission from the Bulgarian National Bank included the min its Tier 1 capital.

The bonds under both instruments are registered, dematerialized, interest-bearing, perpetual, unsecured, freely transferable, non-convertible, deeply subordinated and without incentive to redeem.

The two bond issues were admitted for trading at the Luxembourg Stock Exchange in 2014 based on prospects approved by the Luxembourg Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier. The two hybrid instruments fully comply with the requirements of Regulation 575/2013 and are

The two hybrid instruments fully comply with the requirements of Regulation 575/2013 and are included in the additional tier 1 capital.

22. Other liabilities

in thousands of BGN	30/09/2018	31/12/2017
Liabilities to personnel	2,490	2,490
Provisions for pending court cases	836	836
Other payables	6,736	22,174
Total	10,062	25,500

23. Shareholders

As at 30 September 2018 the registered share capital of the Bank is BGN 110,000,000 divided into 110,000,000 ordinary dematerialized shares with voting rights of BGN 1 par value each. All the shares have been fully paid-up.

The table below shows those shareholders of the Bank holding shares as at 30 September 2018 together with the number and percentage of total issued shares.

	Number of shares	% of issued share capital
Mr. Ivailo Dimitrov Mutafchiev	46,750,000	42.50

Mr. Tzeko Todorov Minev	46,750,000	42.50
Other shareholders (shareholders holding shares subject to free trade on		
the Bulgarian Stock Exchange – Sofia)	16,500,000	15.00
Total	110,000,000	100.00

In 2018, as in the previous year, the Bank did not distribute dividends.

24. Commitments and contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities

in thousands of BGN	30/09/2018	31/12/2017
Bank guarantees	233,220	235,120
Unused credit lines	522,101	505,350
Letters of credit	17,010	17,796
Other contingent liabilities	-	62,166
Total	772,331	820,432

25. Related party transactions

Type of related party	Parties that cont	rol or manage the Bank	Enterprises ur	nder common control
in BGN '000	30/09/2018	31/12/2017	30/09/2018	31/12/2017
Loans	1,298	753	11,855	10,309
Deposits and loans received:	11,751	8,708	100,298	101,244
Deposits placed	-	-	20,082	19,604
Other receivables	-	-	21,754	23,482
Other borrowings Off-balance sheet commitments issued	-	-	100	100
by the Bank	1,303	1,291	3,626	2,609

During the first nine months of 2018:

- 1. There were no unusual (in terms of amount, nature or timing) assets, liabilities, equity, net income and cash flows.
- 2. There were no unusual changes in contingent assets and liabilities since the last annual financial statements.
- 3. There were not issued, repaid or repurchased capital instruments.
- 4. No dividends were accrued or paid.

Chief Executive Officer NEDELCHO NEDELCHEV

Executive Director SEVDALINA VASSILEVA

Chief Financial Officer JIVKO TODOROV Executive Director SVETOZAR POPOV

Executive Director CHAVDAR ZLATEV

INTERIM REPORT ON THE ACTIVITY OF FIRST INVESTMENT BANK AD as at 30 September 2018

(individual)

prepared under Art. 1000, para. 4(2) with relation to Art. 1000¹, Para. 7 of the Public Offering of Securities Act (POSA) and Art. 33a², para. 2 of Ordinance No 2 of the Financial Supervision Commission (FSC) on the prospectuses to be published when securities are offered to the public or admitted to trading on a regulated market and on disclosure of information

In the third quarter of 2018 First Investment Bank AD (Fibank, the Bank) continued its successful development as an innovative, stable and reliable bank institution.

Highlights in the activity of Fibank as at 30 September 2018:

- The unconsolidated unaudited financial statements of First Investment Bank AD at 31 December 2017 were published on 26 January 2018;
- Notice of changes to the composition of the Managing Board of First Investment Bank was published on 20 February 2018 in the Commercial Register and the Register of Non-for-Profit Legal Entities with the Registry Agency under No. 20180220120456: Chavdar Georgiev Zlatev was registered as member of the Managing Board and executive director of First Investment Bank and Maya Oyfalosh was deregistered as a member of the Managing Board due to her passing away of which we already informed you in October 2017.
- On 01 March 2018 First Investment Bank AD published its consolidated unaudited financial statements as at 31 December 2017;
- On 2 April 2018 First Investment Bank AD published its Annual unconsolidated (audited) financial statements as at 31 December 2017;
- On 20 April 2018 First Investment Bank AD published changes in the Managing Board;
- On 27 April 2018 First Investment Bank AD published its Annual consolidated (audited) financial statements as at 31 Dec 2017;
- On 30 April 2018 First Investment Bank AD published its unconsolidated (unaudited) financial statements of First Investment Bank AD as at 31 March 2018;
- On 16 May 2018 First Investment Bank AD published notice and materials for the General Meeting of Shareholders of First Investment Bank AD;
- On 30 May 2018 First Investment Bank AD published its consolidated (unaudited) financial statements of First Investment Bank AD as at 31 March 2018;

- On 5 June 2018 First Investment Bank AD published updated notice and materials for the General Meeting of Shareholders;
- On 12 June 2018 First Investment Bank AD published changes in the Managing Board;
- On 21 June 2018 First Investment Bank AD published the results from the regular Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of First Investment Bank;
- On 21 June 2018 First Investment Bank AD disclosure information regarding FIBank's ratings from Moody's Investors Service;
- On 25 June 2018 First Investment Bank AD published the minutes of the regular Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of held on 21 June 2018 and amendments to its By-Laws;
- On 26 June 2018 First Investment Bank AD published information regarding FIBank's ratings from Fitch Ratings;
- On 04 July 2018 First Investment Bank AD disclosed information pursuant to Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013;
- On 17 July 2018 First Investment Bank AD published notification pursuant to Art. 100y, Para. 1(2) with relation to Para.2 of the Law on the Public Offering of Securities (LPOS) regarding amendments to the By-Laws of First Investment Bank AD;
- Individual (unaudited) financial statements of First Investment Bank AD as at 30 June 2018 were published on 30 July 2018;
- Consolidated (unaudited) financial statements of First Investment Bank AD as at 30 June 2018 were published on 30 August 2018.

Review of the activities of Fibank as at 30 September 2018 on individual basis

• Balance sheet as at 30 September 2018.

The balance sheet assets of the Bank as at 31.09.2018 reached BGN 9,234 million, showing growth by BGN 591 mln., and thus Fibank retains its place among the leading banks in the Bulgarian banking system. As at 30.09.2018 the deposits from other customers amounted to BGN 8,004 million, with a growth of BGN 665 mln. for the nine months; for this indicator the Bank also retains its position as one of the leading banks in Bulgaria. As at 30 September 2018 the accounting equity amounted to BGN 883 million net. Receivables from clients amounted to BGN 5,375 million, the increase for the first 9 months of 2018 was BGN 357 million.

• Unconsolidated profit for the first 9 months of 2018 on individual bases

The net profit of the Bank for the first 9 month of 2018 amounted to BGN 62,157 thousand, an increase by BGN 997 thousand in comparison to the same period of 2017. The total revenue from banking operations for the period amounted to BGN 278,626 thousand. The net interest income amounted to BGN 189,623 thousand, and the net income from fees and commissions – to BGN 68,624 thousand.

• Capital resources

The capital adequacy ratio of Fibank as at 30 September 2018 reached 16,28 %. The Tier 1 capital adequacy was 16,28%, and the tier one ratio was 13,38%. During the period the Bank was in compliance with and significantly above the regulatory capital requirements.

• *Liquidity*

The liquidity coverage ratio of Fibank, as at 30 September 2018 reached 266,15% and the net stable funding ratio is 136,05%, showing a stable liquidity position

• A total of 154 branches and offices throughout the country

As at 30 September 2018, First Investment Bank AD had a total of 154 branches and offices in Bulgaria. The number of outlets reflects the adherence to a policy of synergy and maintaining optimum efficiency in the branch network of the Bank

INFORMATION AS AT 30 September 2018 UNDER ART. 33, PARA. 1, P. 7 OF ORDINANCE No2

on the prospectuses to be published when securities are offered to the public or admitted to trading on a regulated market and on disclosure of information

a) information on changes in the accounting policy during the reporting period, the reasons for them, and the way in which they affect the financial results and equity of the issuer

The following amendments to the existing standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and adopted by the EU are effective for the current period:

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (issued on 28 May 2014) including amendments to IFRS 15: Effective date of IFRS 15 (issued on 11 September 2015), endorsed by the EU on 22 September 2016, published in the Official Journal on 29 October 2016

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (issued on 24 July 2014), endorsed by the EU on 22 November 2016, published in the Official Journal on 29 November 2016

Clarifications to IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (issued on 12 April 2016), endorsed by the EU on 31 October 2017, published in the Official Journal on 9 November 2017

Amendments to IFRS 4: Applying IFRS 9 Financial Instruments with IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts (issued on 12 September 2016), endorsed by the EU on 3 November 2017, published in the Official Journal on 9 November 2017

Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2014-2016 Cycle (issued on 8 December 2016), endorsed by the EU on 7 February 2018, published in the Official Journal on 8 February 2018

Amendments to IFRS 2: Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions (issued on 20 June 2016), endorsed by the EU on 26 February 2018, published in the Official Journal on 27 February 2018

Amendments to IAS 40: Transfers of Investment Property (issued on 8 December 2016), endorsed by the EU on 14 March 2018, published in the Official Journal on 15 March 2018

IFRIC 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration (issued on 8 December 2016), endorsed by the EU on 28 March 2018, published in the Official Journal on 3 April 2018

The adoption of these amendments to the existing standards has not led to any changes in the Bank's accounting policies with the exception of the application of IFRS 9.

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments replaces IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. The new standard introduces significant changes to the classification and assessment of financial assets and a new model for the expected credit loss from impairment of financial assets. IFRS 9 includes new guidelines on the accounting for hedging.

The Bank's Management has identified the following areas that are expected to be most impacted by the application of IFRS 9:

the classification and measurement of the Bank's financial assets were reviewed based on the new criteria that considers the assets' contractual cash flows and the business model in which they are managed. Management holds most financial assets to hold and collect the associated cash flows and is currently assessing the underlying types of cash flows to classify financial assets correctly.

Management expects the majority of held-to-maturity investments to continue to be accounted for at amortised cost, while others amounting to BGN 9,785 thousand will be recognised at fair value in profit or loss, as the cash flows are not solely payments of principal and interest. Management does not find a significant effect on profit or loss from this change in accounting.

As of 01.01.2018 a number of available-for-sale financial assets at total amount of BGN 18,286 thousand will be measured at fair value through profit or loss as the cash flows are not solely payments of principal and interest. The related fair value gains will be transferred from the available-for-sale financial assets reserve to retained earnings on 1 January 2018. Management does not expect a significant effect on the equity components from this change in accounting.

The other financial assets held by the Bank at 01.01.2018 include:

equity instruments, amounting to BGN 15,820 thousand currently classified as available-for-sale financial assets for which a fair value through profit and loss valuation method will be applied. In relation to this the Bank reclassified as of 01 January 2018 form its revaluation reserve, net of taxes, in other reserves and retained earnings the amount of BGN 4,904 thousand.

- equity investments, amounting to BGN 4,164 thousand available-for-sale, up to now measured at fair value through profit or loss which the Bank continued to measure on the same basis under IFRS 9;

- debt instruments, amounting to BGN 9,830 thousand currently classified as held-to-maturity and measured at amortised cost which meet the conditions for classification at amortised cost under IFRS 9.

IFRS 9 requires gains or losses realised on the sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income no longer to be transferred to profit or loss, but instead to be transferred from reserve to retained earnings. In 2017, no such gains or losses were recognised in relation to the disposal of available-for-sale financial assets.

An expected credit loss-based impairment should be recognised on the Bank's trade receivables and investments in debt-type assets currently classified as AFS and HTM unless classified as at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with the new criteria. Based on the assessments undertaken as at 01.01.2018, the Bank reports a certain increase in the loss allowance for trade debtors by BGN 104.928 thousand.

It will no longer be possible to measure equity investments at cost less impairment. Instead, all such investments will be measured at fair value. Changes in fair value will be presented in current profit or loss, except in case the Bank presents them in other comprehensive income without the right to reverse.

At 01.01.2018 the Bank intends to present the changes in the fair value of investments in equity instruments in profit or loss, not in other comprehensive income.

The accounting polices applied by the Bank for the preparation of current individual interim financial statements, is the same as the one applied for the preparation of last annual financial statements for the year ended at 31 Dec 2017, with the exception of the disclosed effect from the application of IFRS9.

b) information on changes in the economic group of the issuer, if applicable:

On 03.01.2018 Anelia Krushkova was listed in the Commercial Register as the second manager of FIBank's subsidiary AMC Imoti EOOD.

On 03.01.2018 Milka Dimitrova Todorova was delisted as a manager of FIBank's subsidiary Turnaround Management EOOD, UIC 202475975.

On 27.06.2018 Jivko Todorov was listed in the Commercial Register as a new Member of Board of directors of FIBank's subsidiary Balkan Financial Services and Svetoslav Moldovanski was delisted as a member of BoD.

With a decision dated 26.09.2018 an extraordinary general meeting of shareholders of "Medical Centers FI Health Plovdiv" dismissed Svetozar Popov as a member of the Board of Directors and appointed Ralitsa Bogoeva as a member of the board. The change was listed in the Commercial Register on 11.10.2018.

With a decision dated 26.09.2018 an extraordinary general meeting of shareholders of "Medical Centers FI Health" dismissed Svetozar Popov as a member of the Board of Directors and appointed Ralitsa Bogoeva as a member of the board. The change was listed in the Commercial Register on 11.10.2018.

With a decision of the sole owner of AMC Imoti EOOD, as of 01.09.2018 Kiril Georgiev was dismissed as manager of the company. The change was listed in the Commercial Register on 01.10.2018.

c) information on the outcome from organizational changes within the issuer, such as restructuring, sale of companies from the economic group, in-kind contributions by the company, renting of property, long-term investments, suspension of operations:

See "b" above.

d) opinion of the managing body regarding the feasibility of the forecasts published for the current financial year, taking into account the results of the current quarter, as well as information about the factors and circumstances that will affect the achievement of the forecast results at least for the next quarter:

No forecasts were published for the results for 2018.

e) information on the persons holding directly or indirectly at least 5 per cent of votes in the General Meeting at the end of the respective quarter, and changes in the votes held by such persons since the end of the previous quarter:

	at 30 June 2018		at 30 Septe	ember 2018
	Number of % of capital		Number of	% of capital
	shares	70 0J Cupitui	shares	78 0J Cupitui
Mr Tseko Minev	46 750 000	42,50%	46 750 000	42,50%
Mr Ivaylo Mutafchiev	46 750 000	42,50%	46 750 000	42,50%

f) information about the shares held by the management and supervisory bodies of the issuer at the end of the respective quarter, as well as on the changes which have occurred since the end of the preceding quarter for each person:

	at 30 Ji	une 2018	at 30 September 2018		
Members of the Managing Board	Number of shares	% of capital	Number of shares	% of capital	
Nedelcho Nedelchev	350	0,00	No change		
Chavdar Zlatev	523	0.00	No change		
Sevdalina Vasileva	0	0,00	No change		
Svetozar Popov	0	0,00	No change		
Jivko Todorov	0	0,00	No change		
Nadya Koshinska	234	0,00	No change		

	at 30 Ju	ne 2018	at 30 September 2018		
Members of the Supervisory Board	Number of shares	% of capital	Number of shares	% of capital	
Evgeni Lukanov	337 139	0,31	No change		
Maya Georgieva	11 388	0,01	No change		
Jordan Skortchev	19 125	0,02	No change		
Georgi Mutafchiev	9 454	0,01	No change		
Radka Mineva	-	0,00	No change		
Jyrki Koskelo	-	0,00	No change		

g) Information about pending judicial, administrative or arbitration procedures concerning liabilities or receivables amounting to at least 10 per cent of the equity of the issuer; if the

total amount of liabilities or receivables of the issuer in all initiated procedures exceeds 10 per cent of its equity, information shall be presented for each procedure separately:

No events have occurred.

- h) information about loans granted by the issuer or any of its subsidiaries, guarantees provided or liabilities assumed to a single entity or its subsidiary, including related parties, indicating the nature of relations between the issuer and the entity, outstanding principal amount, interest rate, maturity date, initial amount of the liability, term and conditions:
- First Investment Bank AD is a public company part of whose main activity is the public attraction of deposits or other repayable funds and granting of loans or other financing. In this sense, for the period until 30 September 2018 no events have occurred beyond the ordinary activity of the Bank.

Appendix 2

INFORMATION AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2018 UNDER ART. 33, PARA. 3 OF ORDINANCE NO2

on the prospectuses to be published when securities are offered to the public or admitted to trading on a regulated market and on disclosure of information

1. Transactions between related parties concluded during the reporting period of the current financial year that had significant effect on the financial position or performance of the company in this period:

First Investment Bank AD enters into transactions with related parties in the ordinary course of its banking business, on terms which would be customary in transactions with unrelated parties. These transactions do not affect the financial condition or performance of First Investment Bank AD.

2. Changes in transactions concluded with related parties disclosed in the annual report that have significant impact on the financial position or performance of the company during the reporting period of the current financial year.

As at 30.09.2018, no changes have occurred in transactions concluded with related parties that have significant impact on the financial position or performance of First Investment Bank AD.

(signed) Nedelcho Nedelchev Chief Executive Officer MB Chair

(signed) Sevdalina Vasileva Executive Director MB Member (signed) Svetozar Popov Executive Director MB Member

(signed) Chavdar Zlatev Executive Director MB Member

(signed) Jivko Todorov Chief Financial Officer MB Member

DECLARATION

under Art. 1000, para. 4(3) with relation to Art. 1000¹, Para. 7 of the Public Offering of Securities Act (POSA)

The undersigned Nedelcho Nedelchev, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Managing Board of First Investment Bank AD, Svetozar Popov, Sevdalina Vasileva, and Chavdar Zlatev, Executive Directors and members of the Managing Board of First Investment Bank AD, and Jivko Todorov, Chief Financial Officer of First Investment Bank AD and Member of the Managing Board, hereby declare that to the best of our knowledge:

- the financial statements (individual) of First Investment Bank AD as at 30 September 2018, prepared in accordance with the applicable accounting standards, give a true and fair view of the assets and liabilities, financial position and profit of First Investment Bank AD;
- the interim report on the activities of First Investment Bank AD as at 30 September 2018 contains a fair review of the information under Art. 1000, para. 4(2) of the Public Offering of Securities Act.

(signed) Nedelcho Nedelchev Chief Executive Officer Chair of MB (signed) Svetozar Popov Executive Director Member of MB

(signed) Sevdalina Vasileva Executive Director MB Member

(signed) Jivko Todorov Chief Financial Officer MB Member

30 October 2018

(signed) Chavdar Zlatev Executive Director MB Member

ver2.7					
Bank	FINV9150		FIRST INVESTMENT BANK		
Reporting date		30.9.2018			
Basis for applicati	ion individual				
Accounting standa	ard IFRS			Reporting currency	in BGN '000

1. 1.Balance sheet [statement of financial position]

1.1 Assets

Initial dep 100 dep 120 C 130 C 140 C 150 Final 160 D 170 E 180 D 190 L 190 L 190 C 190 L 190 L 190 C 190 L 190 Final 100 Final 120 D 130 L 141 Final 142 E 143 D 144 L 183 L 240 Der 250 Cha 142 E 143 D 144 L 183 L 240 Der 250 Cha 183 L 260 Inve	ash and cash balances with central banks and other posits payable on demand Cash Cash balances with central banks Other deposits payable on demand nancial assets held for trading Derivatives Equity Debt securities Loans and advances on-tradable financial assets mandatorily reported at fair lue through profit or loss Equity Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through other mprehensive income Equity Debt securities	Para. 54 (i) of IAS 1 part 2, paragraph 1 of Appendix V part 2, paragraph 1 of Appendix V part 2, paragraph 1 of Appendix V Supplement A to IFRS 9 Para. 11 of IAS 32 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(ii) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.4 Para. 11 of IAS 32 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(i) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.5 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(i) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.5 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(i) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.5 part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (h) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.2A Para. 11 of IAS 32	5 10 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	2 620 (16 12 16 12 (0 (0) (0) (0) (0)
Initial dep 100 dep 120 C 130 C 140 C 150 Final 160 D 170 E 180 D 190 L 190 L 190 C 190 L 190 L 190 C 190 L 190 Final 100 Final 120 D 130 L 141 Final 142 E 143 D 144 L 183 L 240 Der 250 Cha 142 E 143 D 144 L 183 L 240 Der 250 Cha 183 L 260 Inve	posits payable on demand Cash Cash balances with central banks Other deposits payable on demand nancial assets held for trading Derivatives Equity Debt securities Loans and advances portradable financial assets mandatorily reported at fair Iue through profit or loss Equity Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through other mprehensive income Equity	part 2, paragraph 1 of Appendix V part 2, paragraph 1 of Appendix V part 2, paragraph 1 of Appendix V Supplement A to IFRS 9 Supplement A to IFRS 9 Para. 11 of IAS 32 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(ii) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.4 Para. 11 of IAS 32 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V	10 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	1 654 08 171 96 1 004 07 478 04 6 70 4 4 07 2 62 0 16 12 16 12 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Initial dep 100 dep 120 C 130 C 140 C 150 Final 160 D 170 E 180 D 190 L 190 L 190 C 190 L 190 L 190 C 190 L 190 Final 100 Final 120 D 130 L 141 Final 142 E 143 D 144 L 183 L 240 Der 250 Cha 142 E 143 D 144 L 183 L 240 Der 250 Cha 183 L 260 Inve	posits payable on demand Cash Cash balances with central banks Other deposits payable on demand nancial assets held for trading Derivatives Equity Debt securities Loans and advances portradable financial assets mandatorily reported at fair Iue through profit or loss Equity Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through other mprehensive income Equity	part 2, paragraph 1 of Appendix V part 2, paragraph 1 of Appendix V part 2, paragraph 1 of Appendix V Supplement A to IFRS 9 Supplement A to IFRS 9 Para. 11 of IAS 32 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(ii) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.4 Para. 11 of IAS 32 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V	10 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	171 96 1 004 07 478 04 6 70 4 07 2 62 16 12 16 12
220 C 330 C 330 C 340 C 350 Fina 360 D 370 E 380 D 390 L 390 L 390 L 390 L 393 D 394 D 395 D 300 Fina 420 E 431 Fina 82 D 83 L 240 Der 250 Cha 260 Inve	Cash Cash Cash balances with central banks Other deposits payable on demand nancial assets held for trading Derivatives Equity Debt securities Loans and advances on-tradable financial assets mandatorily reported at fair lue through profit or loss Equity Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through other mprehensive income Equity	part 2, paragraph 1 of Appendix V part 2, paragraph 1 of Appendix V Supplement A to IFRS 9 Supplement A to IFRS 9 Para. 11 of IAS 32 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(ii) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.4 Para. 11 of IAS 32 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(i) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.5 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(i) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.5 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(i) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.5 part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (h) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.2A	10 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	171 96 1 004 07 478 04 6 70 4 07 2 62 16 12 16 12
940 C 950 Fina 960 D 970 E 980 D 990 L 990 Nor 991 Nor 992 C 993 D 994 D 995 Fina 996 Nor 997 E 998 D 999 L 1000 Fina 120 D 130 L 441 Fina 181 Fina 182 D 183 L 240 Der 250 Cha 260 Inve	Other deposits payable on demand nancial assets held for trading Derivatives Equity Debt securities Loans and advances on-tradable financial assets mandatorily reported at fair lue through profit or loss Equity Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through other mprehensive income Equity	part 2, paragraph 1 of Appendix V part 2, paragraph 1 of Appendix V Supplement A to IFRS 9 Supplement A to IFRS 9 Para. 11 of IAS 32 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(ii) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.4 Para. 11 of IAS 32 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(i) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.5 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(i) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.5 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(i) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.5 part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (h) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.2A	10 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	478 044 6 700 4 074 2 620 16 12 16 12 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
D50 Final D50 Final D60 D D70 E D80 D D90 L D90 C D90 L D00 Final 20 D 130 L 41 Con 42 E 43 D 181 Final 182 D 240 Der 250 Cha Ped Ped 260 Inveg	nancial assets held for trading Derivatives Equity Debt securities Loans and advances on-tradable financial assets mandatorily reported at fair lue through profit or loss Equity Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through other mprehensive income Equity	Supplement A to IFRS 9 Supplement A to IFRS 9 Para. 11 of IAS 32 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(ii) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.4 Para. 11 of IAS 32 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(i) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.5 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (h) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.2A	10 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	6 70 4 07 2 62 16 12 16 12
260 C 260 C 270 E 280 C 290 Nor 290 Nor 291 Nor 292 C 293 C 293 C 293 C 293 C 293 C 200 Final 201 C 202 C 203 C 441 E 81 Final 82 C 240 Der 250 Cha 260 Invest	Derivatives Equity Debt securities Loans and advances Detrivatives Equity Debt securities Equity Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through other mprehensive income Equity	Supplement A to IFRS 9 Para. 11 of IAS 32 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(ii) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.4 Para. 11 of IAS 32 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(i) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.5 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (h) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.2A	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	4 07- 2 62- 16 12 16 12
070 E 080 D 090 L 090 Nor 091 Nor 092 Nor 093 D 094 D 095 C 096 Final 100 Final 120 D 130 L 141 Final 142 E 143 D 144 L 183 L 240 Der 250 Cha 183 L 260 Inve 260 Inve	Equity Debt securities Loans and advances Don-tradable financial assets mandatorily reported at fair lue through profit or loss Equity Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through other mprehensive income Equity	Para. 11 of IAS 32 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(ii) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.4 Para. 11 of IAS 32 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(i) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.5 part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (h) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.2A	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	4 07- 2 62(16 12- 16 12- (((((((((((((((((((
080 D 090 L 090 L 090 L 097 E 098 D 099 L 000 Final 120 D 130 L 441 Final 142 E 43 D 181 Final 182 D 183 L 240 Der 250 Cha 260 Invest ass	Debt securities Loans and advances on-tradable financial assets mandatorily reported at fair lue through profit or loss Equity Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through other mprehensive income Equity	part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(ii) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.4 Para. 11 of IAS 32 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(i) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.5 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (h) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.2A	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	(16 12 ⁻ 16 12 ⁻ (((((((((((((
1990 L 1996 Norvalu 1997 E 1998 D 1999 L 1000 Final 120 D 130 L 141 Final 142 E 143 D 144 L 181 Final 182 D 183 L 240 Der 250 Char 260 Invest ass	Loans and advances pn-tradable financial assets mandatorily reported at fair lue through profit or loss Equity Debt securities Loans and advances mancial assets at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Loans and advances mancial assets at fair value through other mprehensive income Equity	part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(ii) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.4 Para. 11 of IAS 32 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(i) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.5 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (h) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.2A	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	(
Nor 096 Nor 097 E 098 D 099 L 000 Final 120 D 130 L 141 Final 143 D 144 L 181 Final 182 D 183 L 240 Der 250 Cha 260 Invest	on-tradable financial assets mandatorily reported at fair lue through profit or loss Equity Debt securities Loans and advances mancial assets at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Loans and advances mancial assets at fair value through other mprehensive income Equity	part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(ii) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.4 Para. 11 of IAS 32 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(i) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.5 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (h) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.2A	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	16 12
1996 value 1997 E 1998 D 1999 L 100 Final 120 D 130 L 141 Final 142 E 143 D 144 L 181 Final 182 D 183 L 240 Der 250 Char 260 Invest ass	Iue through profit or loss Equity Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through other mprehensive income Equity	Para. 11 of IAS 32 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(i) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.5 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (h) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.2A	4 4 4 4 4 4 4	16 12
1997 E 1998 D 1999 L 100 Final 120 D 130 L 441 Final 42 E 43 D 181 Final 182 D 183 L 240 Der 250 Challed 260 Invest	Equity Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through other mprehensive income Equity	part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(i) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.5 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (h) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.2A	4 4 4 4 4	
099 L 000 Final 120 D 130 L 141 Final 142 E 143 D 144 L 181 Final 182 D 183 L 240 Der 250 Cha 186 Inve 260 Inve	Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through other mprehensive income Equity	part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (a)(i) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.5 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (h) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.2A	4 4 4 4	
00 Final 120 C 130 L 141 Final 142 E 143 C 144 L 181 Final 182 C 183 L 240 Der 250 Cha 186 Inveators	nancial assets at fair value through profit or loss Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through other mprehensive income Equity	Para. 8 (a)(i) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.5 part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (h) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.2A	4 4 4	(
20 D 30 L 30 Financia 41 Control 42 E 43 D 44 L 81 Financia 82 D 83 L 240 Der 250 Char 260 Investass	Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through other mprehensive income Equity	part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (h) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.2A	4	(
20 D 30 L 30 Financia 41 Control 42 E 43 D 44 L 81 Financia 82 D 83 L 240 Der 250 Char 260 Investass	Debt securities Loans and advances nancial assets at fair value through other mprehensive income Equity	part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (h) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.2A	4	(
41 Final 142 E 143 D 144 L 181 Final 182 D 183 L 240 Der 250 Cha 260 Inve ass	nancial assets at fair value through other mprehensive income Equity	part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V Para. 8 (h) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.2A		
41 Final 142 E 143 D 144 L 181 Final 182 D 183 L 240 Der 250 Cha 260 Inve ass	nancial assets at fair value through other mprehensive income Equity	Para. 8 (h) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.2A		
42 E 43 C 44 L 81 Fina 82 C 83 L 240 Der 250 Cha hed ass	Equity		•	
43 D 44 L 81 Final 182 D 183 L 240 Der 250 Cha hed ass		Para. 11 01 1AS 32	4	660 083
44 L 81 Fina 82 D 83 L 240 Der 250 Cha hed ass	Debt securities	and a manager of a f Amager dia M		(
81 Final 182 D 183 L 240 Der 250 Cha 260 Inve ass		part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V	4	660 083
82 D 83 L 240 Der 250 Cha 260 Inve	Loans and advances	part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V	4	(
240 Der 250 Cha 260 Inve ass	nancial assets at amortised cost	Para. 8 (f) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.2	4	5 436 763
240 Der 250 Cha 260 Inve ass	Debt securities	part 1, paragraph 31 of Appendix V	4	(
250 Cha hed 260 Inve ass	Loans and advances	part 1, paragraph 32 of Appendix V	4	5 436 763
260 hed 260 ass	erivatives - hedge accounting	IFRS 9.6.2.1, part 1, paragraph 22 of Appendix V	11	
260 Inve ass	nanges in the fair value of hedged positions when edging a portfolio for interest rate risk	Para. 89A (a) of IAS 39, IFRS 9.6.5.8		
70 Tom	vestments in a subsidiary, jointly-controlled entity or sociate	Para. 54 (e) of IAS 1; part 1, paragraph 21 and part 2, paragraph 4 of Appendix V	40	36 179
270 Tan	ngible assets			331 760
280 P	Property, Plant and Equipment	Para. 6 of IAS 16; Para. 54 (a) of IAS 1	21, 42	88 404
	Investment Property	Para. 5 of IAS 40; Para. 54 (b) of IAS 1	21, 42	243 356
300 Inta	angible assets	Para. 54(c) of IAS 1; Art. 4, Para. 1, item 115 of Reg 575		7 208
310 G	Goodwill	Para. B67, (d) of IFRC 3; Art. 4, Para. 1, item 113 of Reg 575		(
320 C	Other intangible assets	Paras. 8, 118 of IAS 38	21, 42	7 208
330 Tax	x assets	Para. 54 (n)-(o) of IAS 1		600
340 C	Current tax assets	Para. 54(n) of IAS 1; Para. 5 of IAS 12		600
	Deferred tax assets	Para. 54, (o) of IAS 1; Para. 5 of IAS 12; Art. 4, Para. 1, item 106 of Reg 575		(
360 Oth	her assets	part 2, paragraph 5 of Appendix V		1 084 10
Nor	-	Para. 54, (j) of IAS 1; Para. 38 of IFRC 5; part 2, item 7 of Appendix V		
380 TO	on-current assets and disposal groups classified as	Para. 9, (a), IN 6 of IAS 1		(

Bank	FINV9150		FIRST INVESTMENT BANK		
Reporting date		30.9.2018			
Basis for application	individual				
Accounting standard	IFRS			Reporting currency	in BGN '000

1. 1.Balance sheet [statement of financial position]

1.2 Liabilities

c010

		References	Breakdown in table	Carrying amoun part 1, paragraph 27 o Appendix V
010	Financial liabilities held for trading	Para. 8, (e)(ii) of IFRC 7; BA Para. 6 of IFRS 9	8	010
020	Derivatives	supplement A to IFRS 9, IFRS 9.4.2.1(a), BA, paragraph 7(a) of IFRS 9	10	
030	Short positions	BA, Paragraph 7(b) of IFRS 9	8	
040	Deposits	Part 2, item 9 of Appendix 2 to ECB/2013/33; Part 1, item 36 of Appendix V	8	
050	Issued debt securities	part 1, paragraph 37 of Appendix V	8	
060	Other financial liabilities	part 1, paragraph 38-41 of Appendix V	8	
070	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	Para. 8 (e)(i) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.2.2	8	
		Part 2, item 9 of Appendix 2 to		
080	Deposits	ECB/2013/33; Part 1, item 36 of Appendix	8	
090	Issued debt securities	part 1, paragraph 37 of Appendix V	8	
100 110	Other financial liabilities Financial liabilities at amortised cost	part 1, paragraph 38-41 of Appendix V Para. 8 (g) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.2.1	8	8 331 -
120	Deposits	Part 2, item 9 of Appendix 2 to ECB/2013/33; Part 1, item 36 of Appendix V	8	8 083
130	Issued debt securities	part 1, paragraph 37 of Appendix V	8	203
140	Other financial liabilities	part 1, paragraph 38-41 of Appendix V	8	45
150	Derivatives - hedge accounting	IFRS 9.6.2.1, part 1, paragraph 26 of Appendix V	11	
160	Changes in the fair value of hedged positions when hedging a portfolio for interest rate risk	Para. 89A (b) of IAS 39, IFRS 9.6.5.8		
170	Provisions	Para. 10 of IAS 37; Para. 54 (I) of IAS 1	43	
180	Pensions and other obligations to pay defined post- employment benefits	Para. 63 of IFRC 19; Para. 78(d) of IAS 1; part 2, item 9 of Appendix V	43	
190	Other long-term employee benefits	Para. 153 of IFRC 19; Para. 78(d) of IAS 1; part 2, item 10 of Appendix V	43	
200	Restructuring	Para. 71 and 84(a) of IAS 37	43	
210	Pending legal matters and tax-related court cases	IAS 37, addendum B, examples 6 and 10	43	
220	Commitments and guarantees	IFRS 9.4.2.1(c), (d); 9.5.5; 9.C2.5; IAS 37; IFRS 4; part 2, para. 11 of Appendix V	9 12 43	
230	Other provisions	Para. 14 of IAS 37	43	
240	Tax liabilities	Para. 54 (n)-(o) of IAS 1		9
250	Current tax liabilities	Para. 54(n) of IAS 1; Para. 5 of IAS 12		
260	Deferred tax liabilities	Para. 54, (o) of IAS 1; Para. 5 of IAS 12; Art. 4, Para. 1, item 108 of Reg 575		9
270	Share capital payable upon request	IAS 32, Illustrative example 33; IFRIC 2; part 2, paragraph 12 of Appendix V		
280	Other liabilities	part 2, paragraph 13 of Appendix V		9
290	Liabilities in disposal groups classified as held for sale	Para. 54, (p) of IAS 1; Para. 38 of IFRC 5; part 2, paragraph 14 of Appendix V		
300	TOTAL LIABILITIES	Para. 9, (b), IN 6 of IAS 1	ł	

Bank FINV9150 FIRST INVESTMENT BANK Reporting date 30.9.2018 Basis for application individual Accounting standard IFRS Reporting currency in BGN '000

1. 1.Balance sheet [statement of financial position]

1.3 Total own funds

c010

		References	Breakdown in table	Carrying amount
				010
010	Equity	Para. 54(s) of IAS 1; Para. 22 of DOB	46	110 000
020	Paid up share capital	Para. 78 (e) of IAS 1		110 000
030	Not fully paid-up capital	part 2, paragraph 14 of Appendix V		(
040	Premium reserves	Para. 78(e) of IAS 1; Art. 4, Para. 1, item 124 of Reg 575	46	97 000
050	Issued capital instruments other than share capital	part 2, paragraphs 18-19 of Appendix V	46	(
060	Component of the share capital in compound financial instruments	Paras. 28 -29 of IAS 32; part 2, item 18 of Appendix V		C
070	Other issued equity instruments	part 2, paragraph 19 of Appendix V		C
080	Other own funds	Para. 10 of IFRS 2; part 2, paragraph 20 of Appendix V		C
090	Accumulated other comprehensive income	Art. 4, para. 1, item 100 of Reg 575	46	15 604
095	Items which cannot be reclassified as profit or loss	Para. 89A (a) of IAS 1		4 500
100	Tangible assets	Paras. 39 -41 of IAS 16		4 500
110	Intangible assets	Paras. 85-87 of IAS 38		C
120	Actuarial gains or (-) losses on defined benefit plans	Para. 7, NI 6 of IAS 1; Para. 120(c) of IAS 19		C
122	Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale	Para. 38, IN example 12 of IFRS 5		C
124	Share of the other comprehensive income of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures	NI 6 of IAS1, paragraph 10 of IAS 28		C
320	Changes in fair value of capital instruments at fair value in other comprehensive income	Para. 7 (d) of IAS 1; 5.7.5 and B5.7.1 of IFRC 9; part 2, paragraph 21 of Appendix V		C
330	Inefficiency of hedging in fair value hedging of capital instruments at fair value in other comprehensive income	Para. 7 (d) of IFRS 1; IFRS 9.5.7.5 and 6.5.3; paragraph 24C of IFRS 7, part 2, paragraph 22 of Appendix V		C
340	Changes in fair value of capital instruments at fair value in other comprehensive income [hedged position]	IFRS 9 5.7.5 and 6.5.8(b); part 2, paragraph 22 of Appendix V		C
350	Changes in fair value of capital instruments at fair value in other comprehensive income [hedging instrument]	Para. 7 (e) of IFRS 1; IFRS 9.5.7.5 and 6.5.8(a); part 2, paragraph 57 of Appendix V		C
360	Changes in fair value of financial liabilities at fair value in	Para. 7 (f) of IAS 1; IFRS 9.5.7.7; part 2,		
128	profit or loss due to changes in credit risk Items which can be reclassified as profit or loss	paragraph 23 of Appendix V Para. 81A (a)(ii) of IAS 1		 11 104
130	Hedges of net investments in foreign operations [effective portion]	IFRS 9.6.5.13(a); Paragraph 24B(b), items ii) and iii) of IFRS 7; Paragraph 24C(b), items i) and iv), and paragraph 24E(a) of IFRS 7; part 2, paragraph 24 of Appendix V		
140	Currency exchange	Para. 52 (b) of IFRC 21; Paras. 32, 38-49 of IAS 21		(
150	Derivatives from hedging Cash flow hedges [effective portion]	Paragraph 7(e) of IAS 1; paragraph 24B(b), items ii) and iii) of IFRS 7; paragraph 24C(b), item i) and paragraph 24E of IFRS 7; IFRS 9.6.5.11(b); part 2, paragraph 25 of appendix V		(
155	Changes in fair value of debt instruments at fair value in other comprehensive income	Para. 7 (da) of IAS 1; IFRS 9.4.1.2A and 5.7.10; part 2, paragraph 26 of Appendix V		11 104
165	Hedging instruments [unreported elements]	Paragraph 7, (g) and (h) of IAS 1; IFRS 9 6.5.15 and 6.5.16; Paragraph 24 E, (b) and (c) of IFRS 7, part 2, Paragraph 60 of appendix V		(

		References	Breakdown in table	Carrying amoun
170	Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale	Para. 38, IN example 12 of IFRS 5		
180	Share of the other comprehensive income of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures	NI 6 of IAS1, paragraph 10 of IAS 28		
190	Retained earnings	Art. 4, para. 1, item 123 of Reg 575		
200	Revaluation reserve	Para. 30, D5-D8 of IFRS 1; part 2, item 28 of Appendix V		
210	Other reserves	Para. 54 of IAS 1; Para. 78 (e) of IAS 1		598
220	Reserves or losses from investments in a subsidiary, jointly- controlled entity or associate reported via the equity method	Para. 11 of IAS 28; part 2, item 29 of Appendix V		
230	Other	part 2, paragraph 29 of Appendix V		598
240	(-) Repurchased own shares	Para. 79 (a)(vi) of IAS 1; Paras. 33-34, IE14, IE36 of IAS 32; part 2, paragraph 30 of Appendix V	46	
250	Profit or loss attributable to the owners of the parent company	Para. 81B (b)(ii) of IAS 1	2	62
260	(-) Interim dividends	Para. 11 of IAS 32		
270	Minority interests [Non-controlling interests]	Para. 54 (r) of IAS 1		
280	Accumulated other comprehensive income	Art. 4, para. 1, item 100 of Reg 575	46	
290	Other items		46	
300	TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	Para. 9 (c), IN 6 of IAS 1	46	882
310	TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND TOTAL LIABILITIES	IN 6 of IAS 1		9 233

NEDELCHO NEDELCHEV Chief Executive Officer SEVDALINA VASSILEVA Executive Director

SVETOZAR POPOV Executive Director CHAVDAR ZLATEV Executive Director

JIVKO TODOROV Chief Financial Officer

Bank	FINV9150		FIRST INVESTMENT BANK		
Reporting date		30.9.2018			
Basis for application	individual				
Accounting standard	IFRS		Reporting currer	in BGN '000	
2. Profit and Lo	<u>ss Account</u>				c010
			References	Breakdown in table	Current period
					010
040			Para. 97 of IAS 1; part 2, paragraph 31 of	10	

			_	010
010	Interest income	Para. 97 of IAS 1; part 2, paragraph 31 of Appendix V	16	235 474
020	Financial assets held for trading	Para. 20, (a)(i), Para. B5, (e) of IFRC 7; part 2, paragraphs 33, 34 of Appendix V		233 474
				89
025	Non-tradable financial assets mandatorily reported at fair value through profit or loss	Para. 20, (a)(i), Para. B5, (e) of IFRC 7, IFRS 9.5.7.1		326
030	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Para. 20, (a)(i), Para. B5, (e) of IFRC 7		0
041	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Para. 20(b) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.5.7.10-11, IFRS 9.4.1.2A		6 692
051	Financial assets at amortised cost	Para. 20(b) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.2, IFRS 9.5.7.2		228 283
070	Derivatives — hedge accounting, interest rate risk	supplement A to IFRS 9, C.6.6.16, part 2, paragraph 35 of Appendix V		0
080	Other assets	part 2, paragraph 36 of Appendix V		0
085	Revenue from interest on liabilities	IFRS 9.5.7.1, part 2, paragraph 37 of Appendix V		84
090	(Interest expense)	Para. 97 of IAS 1; part 2, paragraph 31 of Appendix V	16	45 851
100	(Financial liabilities held for trading)	Para. 20, (a)(i), Para. B5, (e) of IFRC 7; part 2, paragraphs 33, 34 of Appendix V		0
110	(Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss)	Para. 20, (a)(i), Para. B5, (e) of IFRC 7		0
120	(Financial liabilities at amortised cost)	Para. 20(b) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.5.7.2 Para. 9 of IAS 39; part 2, paragraph 35 of		44 459
130	(Derivatives — hedge accounting, interest rate risk)	Appendix V		0
140	(Other liabilities)	part 2, paragraph 38 of Appendix V		46
145	(Interest expense on assets)	IFRS 9.5.7.1, part 2, paragraph 39 of Appendix V		1 346
150	(Expense for share capital payable upon request)	IFRIC 2, item 11		0
160	Dividend income	part 2, paragraph 40 of Appendix V	31	48
170	Financial assets held for trading	Para. 20, (a)(i), Para. B5, (e) of IFRC 7; part 2, paragraphs 40 of Appendix V		15
175	Non-tradable financial assets mandatorily reported at fair value through profit or loss	Para. 20, (a)(i), Para. B5, (e) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.5.7.1A, part 2, paragraphs 40 of Appendix V		33
191	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Para. 20, (a)(ii) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.2A, IFRS 9.5.7.1A, part 2, paragraph 41 of Appendix V		0
192	Investments in a subsidiary, jointly-controlled entity or associate reported via the equity method	part 2, paragraph 42 of Appendix V		0
200	Fee and commission income	Para. 20 (c) of IFRS 7	22	84 178
210	(Fee and commission expense)	Para. 20 (c) of IFRS 7	22	15 554
220	Net profits or (-) losses from write-off of financial assets and liabilities which are not accounted at fair value through profit or loss		16	4 691
231	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	IFRS 9.4.12A; IFRS 9.5.7.10-11		2 437
241	Financial assets at amortised cost	Para. 20(B)(v) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.4.1.2, IFRS 9.5.7.2		2 254
260	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Para. 8 (a)(v) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.5.7.2		0
270	Other			0

		References	Breakdown in table	Current period
280	Net profits or (-) losses from financial assets and liabilities held for trading	Para. 20, (a)(i) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.5.7.1, part 2, items 43, 46 of Appendix V	16	-
287	Net profits or (-) losses from non-tradable financial assets and liabilities mandatorily reported at fair value through			
290	profit or loss Net profits or (-) losses from financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	Para. 20, (a)(i) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.5.7.1, part 2, items 44 of Appendix V	16, 45	
300	Net profits or (-) losses from hedge accounting	part 2, paragraph 47 of Appendix V	16	
310	Net profits or (-) losses from exchange rate differences	Para. 28 and Para 52 (a) of IAS 21		8
330	Net profits or (-) losses from write-off of non-financial		45	_
340	assets Other operating income	Appendix V part 2, paragraphs 314-316 of Appendix V	45	5 22
350	(Other operating expense)	part 2, paragraphs 314-316 of Appendix V	45	25
355	TOTAL NET OPERATING INCOME			275
360	(Administrative expenses)			136
370	(Personnel costs)	Para. 7 of IAS 19; Para. 102, IN 6 of IAS 1	44	49
380	(Other administrative expenses)			87
390	(Amortisation)	Paras. 102, 104 of IAS 1		07
				11
400	(Property, Plant and Equipment)	Para. 104 of IAS 1; Para. 73, (e), (vii) of IAS 16		8
410	(Investment Property)	Para. 104 of IAS 1; Para. 79, (d), (iv) of IAS 40		
420	(Other intangible assets)	Para. 104 of IAS 1; Para. 118, (e), (vi) of IAS 38		2
425	Net profits or (-) losses from modification	IFRS 9.5.4.3, supplement A to IFRS 9, part 2, paragraph 49 of Appendix V		
426	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive	Paragraph 35J of IFRS 7		
427	income Financial assets at amortised cost	Paragraph 35J of IFRS 7		
430	(Provisions or (-) reversed provisions)	Para. 59, 84 of IAS 37; Para. 98, (b), (f), (g) of IAS	9 12	
440	(Commitments and guarantees)	' IFRS 9.4.2.1(c), (d); IFRS 9.B2.5; IAS 37; IFRS 4;	43	
440	(Other provisions)	part 2, para. 50 of Appendix V		
430				
460	(Impairment or (-) impairment adjustment of financial assets which are not accounted at fair value through profit or loss)	Para. 20, (a)(viii) of IFRC 7; IFRS 9.5.4.4, part 2, items 51, 53 of Appendix V	12	69
481	(Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income)	IFRS 9.5.4.4; IFRS 9.5.5.1; IFRS 9.5.5.2; IFRS 9.5.5.8	12	
491	(Financial assets at amortised cost)	IFRS 9.5.4.4; IFRS 9.5.5.1; IFRS 9.5.5.2; IFRS	12	60
510	(Impairment or (-) reversed impairment of investments in	9.5.5.8 Paras. 40-43 of IAS 28	16	69
	a subsidiary, jointly-controlled entity or associate) (Impairment or (-) reversed impairment of non-financial			
520	assets)	Para. 126(a)-(b) of IAS 36	16	
530	(Property, Plant and Equipment)	Para. 73, (e), (v)-(vi) of IAS 16		
540	(Investment Property)	Para. 79, (d), (v) of IAS 40		
550	(Goodwill)	B67, (d), (v) of IFRC 3; Para. 124 of IAS 36		
560	(Other intangible assets)	Para. 118, (e), (iv)-(v) of IAS 38	I T	
570	(Other)	Para. 126(a)-(b) of IAS 36		
580	Negative goodwill in profit or loss	B64, (n)(i) to IFRC 3		
590	Share of profit or (-) loss from investments in a subsidiary, jointly-controlled entity or associate reported via the equity method	part 2, paragraph 54 of Appendix V		
600	Profit or (-) loss from non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale, which do not meet the requirements for discontinued operations	Para. 37 of IFRS 5, part 2, paragraph 55 of Appendix V		
610	PROFIT OR (-) LOSS BEFORE TAX FROM CURRENT OPERATIONS	Para. 102, IN 6 of IAS 1; Para. 33 A of IFRC 5		57
	(Tax expense or (-) income relating to the profit or loss	Para. 8, (d) of IAS 1; Para. 77 of IAS 12		

		References	Breakdown in table	Current period
630	PROFIT OR (-) LOSS AFTER TAX FROM CURRENT OPERATIONS	IN 6 of IAS 1		62 156
640	Profit or (-) loss after tax from discontinued operations	Para. 82, (e) of IAS 1; Para. 33(a) and paragraph 33A of IFRC 5; part 2, paragraph 56 of Appendix V		0
650	Profit or (-) loss before tax from discontinued operations	Para. 33, (b)(i) of IFRC 5		0
660	(Tax expense or (-) income related to discontinued operations)	Para. 33, (b)(i) and (iv) of IFRC 5		0
670	PROFIT OR (-) LOSS FOR THE YEAR	Para. 81A (a) of IAS 1		62 156
680	Relating to minority interests [non-controlling interests]	Para. 81B (b)(i) of IAS 1		0
690	Attributable to the owners of the parent company	Para. 81B (b)(ii) of IAS 1		62 156

NEDELCHO NEDELCHEV Chief Executive Officer SEVDALINA VASSILEVA Executive Director

SVETOZAR POPOV Executive Director CHAVDAR ZLATEV Executive Director

JIVKO TODOROV Chief Financial Officer